



### KIBABII UNIVERSITY

# SUPPLIMENTARY/ SPECIAL UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS ACADEMIC YEAR 2021/2022

#### FOURTH YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

#### BACHELOR OF SCIENCE

**COURSE CODE: SPH 417** 

COURSE TITLE: SOLID STATE PHYSICS

DATE: 22/11/2022

TIME: 11:00AM-1:00PM

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer question ONE and any TWO of the remaining.

Time: 2 hours

KIBU observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

## **QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)**

| The state of the s |   |
|--|---|
| <ul><li>a) State any two states of matter</li><li>b) Differentiate between crystalline and amorphous solids</li><li>c) Define the following terms crystals:</li></ul>  | (2 marks)<br>(2 marks)  |
| <ul> <li>(i) Lattice</li> <li>(ii) Basis</li> <li>(iii) Unit cell</li> <li>d) What is an ionic bond</li> <li>e) What is a lattice vibration and how does it occur</li> <li>f) Name any three forces in which metallic bonds depends</li> <li>g) Calculate the distance between two lattice planes which give first order diangle of 26.42° with molybdenum of X-rays of wavelength 0.71Å?</li> <li>h) Using a well labelled diagram, define a face-centred cubic (bcc) unit cell.</li> <li>i) What is an atomic scattering factor?</li> <li>j) State Bragg's law in mathematical form</li> <li>k) Apply Miller indices to sketch (1 0 0) plane</li> </ul>  | (2 marks). (2 marks) (2 marks) (2 marks) (3 marks) (3 marks) iffraction at an (3 marks) (2 marks) (3 marks) (2 marks) |
| QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)  | (2 marks)   |
| <ul><li>(a) Derive the relationship between phase velocity and group velocity</li><li>(b) Discuss the important properties of metal crystals</li></ul>   | (12 marks)<br>(8marks)  |
| <b>QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)</b>   |   |
| <ul> <li>(a) State the Bloch theorem and show how it can be expressed in one dimension</li> <li>(b) A bcc crystal is issued to measure the wavelength of some X-rays. The Brathe first order reflection from (100- planes is 20.2°. What is the wavelength? parameter of the crystal as 3.15 Å</li> </ul>  |   |
| <b>QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)</b>  | ,   |
| <ul> <li>(a) Discuss any five assumptions of classical free electron model</li> <li>(b) A sample of silicon is doped with 10<sup>17</sup> phosphorus atoms per cm<sup>3</sup>. What is the and the expected Hall voltage in a sample of 200μm thickness if the current A/cm<sup>2</sup> and magnetic field of 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup> Wb/cm<sup>2</sup> is applied perpendicular to the current flow. Given mobility = 600 cm<sup>2</sup>/volt.sec)</li> </ul>   |   |

#### **QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)**

- (a) What is Hall effect? An n-type semi-conductor (Ge) has a donor density of  $10^{15}$ /cm<sup>3</sup>. It is arranged in a Hall effect experiment where magnetic field  $B_Z = 0.5$  Wb/m<sup>2</sup> is applied and a current density of  $j_x = 500$ A/m<sup>2</sup> results. What will be the Hall voltage if the specimen is 4 mm thick? (8 marks)
- (b) Calculate the extent of energy range between  $f(\epsilon) = 0.9$  and  $f(\epsilon) = 0.1$  at temperature T= 200K and express it as a function of  $\epsilon_f = 3$  eV. (12 marks)