



# KIBABII UNIVERSITY

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS  
2022/2023 ACADEMIC YEAR**

**FIRST SEMESTER  
MAIN EXAMINATIONS**

**FOR THE DEGREE OF MASTERS (PHYSICS)**

**COURSE CODE: SPH 810**

**COURSE TITLE: CLASSICAL MECHANICS**

**DURATION: 2 HOURS**

**DATE: 15/12/2022**

**TIME: 8-10AM**

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Answer **any three (3)** Questions.
  - Indicate **answered questions** on the front cover.
- Start every question on a new page and make sure question's number is written on each page

This paper consists of **2** printed pages. Please Turn Over

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### QUESTION ONE [20 Marks]

- a) Define Hamilton's principle of least action and explain it [2Marks]
- b) Prove that;  $-\dot{p}_i = \frac{\partial H}{\partial q_i}$ ;  $\dot{q}_i = \frac{\partial H}{\partial p_i}$ ; [6Marks]
- c) The Lagrangian for a mass  $m$  moving in an inverse-square central force field with characteristic coefficient  $\mu$  is given by;  $L(r, \dot{r}, \theta, \dot{\theta}) = \frac{1}{2}m(\dot{r}^2 + r^2\dot{\theta}^2) + \frac{\mu m}{r}$ . Determine;
- i) The generalized momenta [2Marks]
- ii) The Hamiltonian [6Marks]
- iii) The Hamilton's equations of motion [4Marks]

### QUESTION TWO [20 Marks]

- a) What is the main problem of calculus of variation? [2 Marks]
- b) Show that the shortest distance between two points in a plane is a straight line the two joints [9 Marks]
- c) Derive an expression for the brachistochrone problem [9 Marks]

### QUESTION THREE [20 Marks]

- a) The Hamiltonian of a physical system is given by;  
 $H = \omega^2 p(q + t)^2$ . Where  $\omega$  is a constant. [12 Marks]  
Determine  $q$  as a function of time
- b) Prove that the following transformation is canonical; [8 Marks]  
 $P = \frac{1}{2}(p^2 + q^2)$ ;  $Q = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{q}{p}\right)$

### QUESTION FOUR [20 Marks]

- a) A bead with mass  $m$  slides under gravity on a frictionless wire in the shape of a 3-D spiral such that its position in cylindrical coordinates  $(r, \theta, \phi)$  is given by;  
 $r = a\phi$ ;  $z = b\phi^2$ ; where  $a$  and  $b$  are constants. The kinetic energy of the bead is  $T = \frac{m}{2}(\dot{r}^2 + r^2\dot{\phi}^2 + \dot{z}^2)$  and its potential energy is  $U = mgz$ .
- i) Considering the polar angle  $\phi$  as the generalized coordinates; obtain the Lagrangian of the problem [4 Marks]
- ii) Obtain the Lagrange equation for the bead [6 Marks]
- b) Set up the Lagrangian of a simple pendulum and obtain an equation describing its motion [10Marks]

### QUESTION FIVE [20 Marks]

- a) Using the action-angle formalism, proof that the frequency,  $\nu$  of a simple one-dimensional harmonic oscillator is given by; [4Marks]

$$\nu = \frac{\sqrt{k/m}}{2\pi}$$

- b) Write the Hamiltonian for the 1-dimensional harmonic oscillator of mass,  $m$  [4Marks]

- c) Write the corresponding Hamilton-Jacobi equation in (b) above [2Marks]
- d) Use the Hamilton-Jacobi equation method to obtain the motion of the oscillator [10Marks]

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