

10



KIBABII UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS
2019/2020 ACADEMIC YEAR

THIRTY YEAR SECOND SEMESTER
SPECIAL/SUPPLIMENTARY EXAMINATIONS

FOR THE DEGREE OF BSC (RENEWABLE ENERGY AND BIOFUEL
SYSTEMS)

COURSE CODE: IPT 327

COURSE TITLE: HEAT AND MASS TRANSFER
DURATION: 2 HOURS

DATE: ~~2020~~ **TIME:** 9-11 AM 4/02/21 8-10 AM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Answer **QUESTION ONE** (Compulsory) and any other two (2) Questions.
- Indicate **answered questions** on the front cover.
- Start every question on a new page and make sure question's number is written on each page.

This paper consists of 3 printed pages. Please Turn Over



KIBU observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

- 1, A. Derive the one dimensional heat diffusion equation. (5mks)
- B. Describe the following as applied to heat and mass transfer
 - i. Heat flux 4mks
 - ii. Thermal conductivity 3mks
 - iii. Steady – state conditions 3mks
- C. Briefly, explain the following;
 - i. Forced induction 5mks
 - ii. Free – natural convection 5mks
 - iii. Combined (mixed) 5mks

2a) A thermocouple bead is largely solder, 1mm diameter. It is initially at room temperature and is suddenly placed in a 200°C gas flow. The heat transfer coefficient is 250w/m²k and the effective values of K, P, C are 45w/m.k, 9300kg/m³ and c=0.18 kj/kg.k, respectively. Evaluate the response of the thermocouple. (10mks)

b) A black thermocouple measures the temperature in a chamber with black walls. If the air around the thermocouple is at 20°C, the walls are at 100°C and the heat coefficient between the thermocouple and air is 15w/m²k. What temperature will thermocouple read? (10mks)

3) a) An uninsulated steam pipe passes through a room in which air and walls are at 25°C. The outside diameter of the pipe is 70mm and its surface temperature and emissivity are 200°C and 0.8, respectively. What are the surface emissive power and irradiation? If the coefficient associated with free convection heat transfer from the surface to the air is 15w/m².k, what is the rate of heat loss from the surface per length of pipe? (10mks)

b) The front of a slab of load k=35w/m.k is kept at 110°C and the back is kept at 50°C. If the area of the slab is 0.4m² and it is 0.03m thick. Compute the heat flux and heat transfer rate. (10mks)

4) a) A copper slab k=372 w/m.k is 3mm thick. If it is protected from corrosion by a 2mm thick layer of stainless steel k=17w/m.k on both sides. The temperature is 400°C on one side of this composite wall and 100°C on the other. Find the temperature distribution in the copper slab and heat conduction through the wall. (10mks)

b) The heat flux is 6000w/m² at the surface of an electrical heater. The heater temperature is 120°C when it is cooled by air at 70°C. What is the average convective heat transfer coefficient? What will the heater temperature be if the power is reduced so that is 2000w/m²? (10mks)