



KIBABII UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

2022/2023 ACADEMIC YEAR

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

YEAR THREE SEMESTER ONE EXAMINATIONS

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

COURSE CODE: CSC 350E.

COURSE TITLE: SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS I

DATE: 14/12/2022

TIME: 9.00 A.M. - 11.00 A.M.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

ANSWER QUESTION ONE IN SECTION A AND ANY OTHER TWO (2)

QUESTION ONE (COMPUSORY) [30 MARKS]

- a) Define the following terms:
 - i) Signal

[2 marks]

ii) System

[2 marks]

b) Describe the following types of signals

[6 marks]

- i) Continuous-time signal x(t)
- ii) Discrete-time signal x[n]
- c) Write the equivalent and exponential forms of the vector 3+j4 and illustrate it by means of a diagram [6 marks]
- d) Differentiate between the following types of signals
 - i) Deterministic signal

[2 marks]

ii) Random signal

[2 marks]

- e) State and explain three system requirements for linearity.
 - i) Homogeneity

[3 marks]

ii) Additivity

[3 marks]

- iii) Shift invariance
- f) Using diagrams distinguish between the following terms.
 - i) Discrete-time unit impulse signal $\delta(t)$

[2 marks]

ii) Discrete-time unit step signal u(t)

[2 marks]

$$\delta(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 1, & n = 0 \\ 0 & n \neq 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

QUESTION TWO [20 MARKS]

a) State and explain four properties of an impulse function

[16 marks]

b) Given the function $y(t) = 2x^2(t-1) + x(3t)$ show that it is stable

[4 marks]

	Determi	QUESTIONTHREE [20 MARKS] ine whether the system $y(t) = 2\pi x(t)$ is linear	[6 marks]	
a)			[4 marks]	
b)		Differentiale between Time invariant and edusar systems		
c)	Define the following system properties		[2 marks]	
	i)	Memoryless	[2 marks]	
	ii)	Invertible	[2 marks]	
	iii)	Time-invariant	[2 marks]	
	iv)	Linear	[2 marks]	
		QUESTION FOUR [20 MARKS]		
a)	Explair	the following terms		
	i)	Periodic	[3 marks]	
	ii)	Aperiodic signals	[3 marks]	
	iii)	Proof that the signal $x(t) = \sin(\omega_0 t)$, $\omega_0 > 0$, is periodic.	[6 marks]	
It can be shown that				
b)	Find th	e fundamental period of the following signals:		
	(i)	$e^{j3\pi t/5}$	[4 marks]	
	(ii)	ii) $e^{j3\pi n/5}$	[4 marks]	
QUESTION FIVE [20 MARKS] a) Outline the difference between linear and non-linear systems giving two examples are supplied to the difference between linear and non-linear systems.			examples for	
	each		[8 marks]	
1.1	Civon	the signal $x(t) = e^{-at}u(t)$, for a>0 determine		
D)			[4 marks]	
	i)	The Fourier Transform $X(j\omega)$	_	
	ii)	The magnitude $ X(j\omega) $	[4 marks]	
	:::	The phase $\langle V(ia) \rangle$	[4 marks]	