



**KIBABII UNIVERSITY**

MAIN CAMPUS

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**

**SECOND YEAR**

**MAIN**

**FOR THE DIPLOMA  
IN**

**CRIMINOLOGY & CRIMINAL JUSTICE**

**COURSE CODE:DCR 068**

**COURSE TITLE:CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS**

**DATE: 8<sup>TH</sup>/FEBRUARY/2021**

**TIME: 8AM - 10AM**

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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Answer question **ONE** (30 marks) and any other **TWO** questions (20 marks each)

TIME: 2Hours

Kibabii University observes ZERO tolerance to examination  
cheating

1a). Investigators do not work in a vacuum but rely heavily on assistance from numerous other individuals and agencies. They benefit greatly by adopting a community policing philosophy. Briefly discuss any ten individuals and agencies (20Mks).

1b). Briefly discuss the basic functions of an investigator in criminal investigation (10Mks)

2 (a). Investigative Photographs and videotapes are essential to proper crime scene documentation. Photos and video taken immediately using proper techniques to produce the entire crime scene provide a factual record of high evidentiary value. Discuss any five types of photographs (10Mks).

2 (b). Critically examine the preliminary investigation process (10Mks).

3 (a). What balance should be maintained between freedom of the media to obtain information during a crime investigation and the right of privacy of the individuals involved (10Mks)

3(b) Controversy exists over which emergency takes precedence: an armed suspect at or near scene or a severely injured person. Which do you think should take priority and why? (10Mks)

4. Imagine that a burglary has occurred each of the last five nights in Bungoma town. How might an investigator start to determine who is committing these crimes? What sources of information and techniques can be used in developing a suspect? (20Mks)

5. Discuss the law relating to Arrest in Kenya as provided under the Criminal Procedure Code and other relevant statutes (20mks).