



*(Knowledge for Development)*

**KIBABII UNIVERSITY**  
**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**  
**2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR**  
**FOURTH YEAR SECOND SEMESTER**  
**MAIN EXAMINATION**  
**FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION AND**  
**BACHELOR OF SCIENCE**

**COURSE CODE: MAP 421**

**COURSE TITLE: TOPOLOGY II**

**DATE: 01/09/2022**

**TIME: 9:00 AM - 11:00 AM**

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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Answer Question One and Any other TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

This Paper Consists of 3 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

### QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- a) Define the following terms
- (i). A compact space  $X$ . (2 mks)
  - (ii). A unit sphere in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  (2 mks)
  - (iii). A second countable space (2 mks)
  - (iv). A normal space (2 mks)
  - (v). A  $T_1$  space (2 mks)
- b) Let  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  be a continuous function from a topological space,  $X$ , to another,  $Y$ . Show that its image is compact if  $X$  is compact. (6 mks)
- c) (i). Show that the subspace  $Y = [0,1]$  of a real line is connected. (4 mks)  
(ii). Give an example of a subspace of  $Y$  that is not connected (1 mk)
- d) What do you understand by the term a complete regular space? Give an example. (4 mks)
- e) Prove that every subspace of a second countable space is a second countable (5 mks)

### QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) Show that the interval  $B = (0,1)$  of the real line with the usual topology is not sequentially compact. (5 mks)
- b) Let  $\{A_i\}_{i \in I}$  be a collection of connected subspaces with a common point. Show that  $\bigcup_{i \in I} A_i$  is connected. (5 mks)
- c) Prove that every open covering of a space  $X$  with a countable basis contains a countable sub collection covering  $X$ . (6 mks)
- d) Find the smallest compact set containing  $(p, q)$  given that  $p, q \in \mathbb{R}$ . Can there be a separation of the new set determined? Explain? (4 mks)

### QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) What is a linear continuum? (2 mks)
- b) Let  $I \times I$  be a product topological space and  $\pi_1, \pi_2$  be projections on  $I$  respectively be defined as  $\pi_1(x, y) = x$  and  $\pi_2(x, y) = y$  for  $x, y \in I$ . Let  $A \subset I \times I$  be square  $A = \{x, y: a \leq x \leq b, c \leq y \leq d, a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{R}\}$ . Show that  $A$  is a linear continuum. (8 mks)
- c) State and prove the generalization of the intermediate value theorem. (10 mks)

**QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)**

- a) Show that the space  $\mathbb{R}_l$  is normal. (5 mks)
- b) Let  $X$  be a topological space. Define a relation  $x \sim y$  on  $X$  if there is a connected subspace of  $X$  containing both  $x$  and  $y$ . Show that  $\sim$  is an equivalence relation. (6 mks)
- c) When is a collection of subsets of a space  $X$  said to have a finite intersection property?
- d) Define a set  $X$  as  $X = \{a, b\}$ . For a  $T_1$  topological space from the set. Show that the space formed is a topological space but not  $T_1$ . (7 mks)

**QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)**

- a) Define a  $T_2$  space given an example. (3 mks)
- b) What is path-connected space? Give an example (3 mks)
- c) Define the term a compact space, hence show that the space of real numbers,  $\mathbb{R}$ , is not compact. (5 mks)
- d) Prove that every metrizable space is normal. (9 mks)