



# KIBABII UNIVERSITY

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS  
2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR**

**FOURTH YEAR SECOND SEMESTER  
MAIN EXAMINATIONS**

**FOR THE DEGREE OF B.SC (SCIENCE)**

**COURSE CODE:** SCH 321\*/328

**COURSE TITLE:** COORDINATION CHEMISTRY

**DURATION:** 2 HOURS

**DATE:** 05/09/2022

**TIME:** 9:00AM-11:00AM

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## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Answer **QUESTION ONE** (Compulsory) and any other two (2) Questions.
- Indicate **answered questions** on the front cover.
- Start every question on a new page and make sure question's number is written on each page.

This paper consists of 5 printed pages. Please Turn Over



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**Question One (30 Marks)**

a) Define the following terms as used in coordination compounds

- i. Ligand
- ii. Ligand donor atom [02]

b) By giving appropriate examples, differentiate between monodentate ligands and polydentate ligands. [02]

c) Complete the valence level orbital notation for the following monatomic ions. (See periodic table for Z values) [03]

- a)  $\text{Ag}^+$       b)  $\text{Co}^{3+}$       c)  $\text{Fe}^{3+}$

d) For each of the following complexes, determine the number of ligands and the coordination number of the central metal.

Coordination ion complex	# Ligands	Coordination #
$[\text{Mn}(\text{EDTA})]^{2-}$		
$[\text{Co}(\text{en})_2(\text{NH}_3)\text{CN}]^{2+}$		

[03]

e) Write down the molecular formulae of the following co-ordination compounds. [03]

- (i) Hexaammine iron (III) nitrate
- (ii) Ammonium tetrachlorocuprate (II)
- (iii) Sodium monochloropentacyanoferrate (III)

f) Write the IUPAC names of following compounds? [03]

- (i)  $[\text{CoBr}(\text{NH}_3)_5]\text{SO}_4$
- (ii)  $[\text{Fe}(\text{NH}_3)_6][\text{Cr}(\text{CN})_6]$
- (iii)  $[\text{Co}(\text{SO}_4)(\text{NH}_3)_5]^+$

j) State **three** factors that affect the magnitude of  $\Delta_o$  during d-splitting in complexes. [03]

k) Explain the meaning of the following terms as used to describe magnetic behaviour of inorganic materials.

- i. Paramagnetism [01]
- ii. Diamagnetism [01]
- iii. Ferromagnetism [01]
- iv. Antiferromagnetism [01]

l)

- i. How does temperature affect magnetic behavior of materials? [02]
- ii. Describe deGruy's method of determining magnetic moment of a material. [03]
- iii. State **one** advantage and **one** disadvantage of using Guoy's method to determine the magnetic moment of a system. [02]

### Question two (20 Marks)

- a) Using Valence- bond theory, show that the complex ion  $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}$  is octahedral and paramagnetic. [07]
- b) Calculate the paramagnetic dipole moment for the complex, given  $\mu_B = \sqrt{n(n+2)}$ . [02]
- c) What are the limitations of valence-bond theory? [02]
- d) The experimental gramme susceptibility ( $\chi_g$ ) for  $\text{K}_4[\text{MnCl}_6] \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$  is  $3.38 \times 10^{-5}$  cgs at room temperature. Calculate
  - i. Molar experimental susceptibility ( $\chi_m$ ) [03]
  - ii. Corrected molar experimental susceptibility ( $\chi'_m$ ) [03]
  - iii. Magnetic moment of the complex ( $\mu$ ) [03]
 (Use atomic masses C=12; N= 14; O=16; K=39 and Mn=55)  
 (Diamagnetic correction factors:  $\text{K}^+ = -14 \times 10^{-6}$  cgs;  $\text{Cl}^- = -13 \times 10^{-6}$  cgs; and  $\text{H}_2\text{O} = -14 \times 10^{-6}$  cgs)

### Question three (20 Marks)

Determine the following for the complex ion:  $[\text{Cu}(\text{en})_3]^{2+}$

- a) What type of d-electron complex is it (for example:  $d^0$ ,  $d^1$ ,  $d^2$ , etc.)? [02]
- b) Is the ligand a strong field ligand or a weak field ligand [02]
- c) Would you expect the complex to be high spin or low spin [02]
- e) What is the hybridization of the central metal? [04]

f) Draw the valence level orbital notation for the complex; circle the electrons that come from the ligands. [04]

g) The table below shows the values of  $\Delta_o$  for different metal ions with the same ligand

Complex ion	$[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$	$[\text{Rh}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$	$[\text{Ir}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$
$\Delta_o$ in KJ	296	406	490

Explain the variation in values of  $\Delta_o$  [02]

i) The crystal field splitting energy of a complex is  $2.9 \times 10^{-19}$  J.

- i. What wavelength of light (in nm) would be absorbed for this d-d electronic transition? [03]
- ii. To what color of light does this wave length correspond? [01]
- iii. What color would a solution of this complex appear? [01]

#### Question four (20 Marks)

- a) Discuss the main postulates of the Crystal field theory. [03]
- b) State and explain any FOUR factors that affect the extend of  $\Delta$ splitting according to the Crystal field theory. [08]
- c) At room temperature, the observed value of  $\mu_{\text{effective}}$  for  $[\text{Cr}(\text{en})_3]\text{Br}_2$  is  $4.75\text{Bm}$ .
  - i. What is the coordination number of this complex? [01]
  - ii. What is the charge on the Chromium ion? [01]
  - iii. Write the electronic configuration of the ion. [01]
  - iv. Show whether this is a high spin or a low spin complex. [04]
- d) What is 'Jahn-teller distortion'? [02]