



(Knowledge for Development)

KIBABII UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS
2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR
THIRD YEAR SECOND SEMESTER
MAIN EXAMINATION
FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN
MATHEMATICS

COURSE CODE: MAP 322

COURSE TITLE: GROUP THEORY II

DATE: 29/08/2022

TIME: 2:00 PM – 4:00 PM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer Question ONE and Any TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

QUESTION ONE (30MARKS)

- a. Define the following
 - i. Center of a Group (2marks)
 - ii. P-groups (2marks)
 - iii. Normalizer (2marks)
- b. State the following
 - i. First Sylow Theorem (2 marks)
 - ii. Second Sylow Theorem (2 marks)
- c. Determine
 - i. The center of D_4 (2marks)
 - ii. Conjugacy classes of D_4 (3marks)
- d. Let G be a group of order p^n where p is prime. Show that G has a non-trivial center (10 marks)
- e. Determine the order of A_5 . Hence the order of its subgroups (5 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20MARKS)

- a. Define the following sets
 - i. Chief series (2marks)
 - ii. Soluble group (2marks)
- b. Show that all finite abelian groups are soluble (8marks)
- a. Show that every finite group G has a composition series (8marks)

QUESTION THREE (20MARKS)

- a. Define the following
 - i. Nilpotent group (2marks)
 - ii. Central series (2marks)
- b. Show that If G is a finite group and P is a Sylow p -subgroup of G then $N_G(N_G(P)) = N_G(P)$ (10marks)
- c. Show that a group G is nilpotent if and only if it has a central series (6marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20MARKS)

- a. State the following theorems
 - i. The Fundamental Theorem of Finitely Generated Abelian Groups (3marks)
 - ii. Fundamental Theorem of Finite Abelian Groups (3marks)
- b. Show that a finite abelian group is a p-group if and only if its order is a power of p. (7marks)
- c. Classify all abelian groups of order $540 = 2^2 \cdot 3^3 \cdot 5$ using the fundamental theorem of finite abelian groups (7marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20MARKS)

- a. Define the following
 - i. External direct product (2marks)
 - ii. Internal direct product (2marks)
- b. Show that if G is the internal direct product of H and K , then G is isomorphic to the external direct product $H \times K$ (8marks)
- c. Let H and K be groups and let $\rho: K \rightarrow \text{Aut}(H)$ be a group homomorphism. Show that the binary operation $(H \times K) \times (H \times K) \rightarrow (H \times K)$ endows $H \times K$ with a group structure with identity element $(1,1)$ (8marks).