

10



(Knowledge for Development)

KIBABII UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

2020/2021 ACADEMIC YEAR

THIRD YEAR SECOND SEMESTER

SPECIAL/SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

**FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF JOURNALISM AND
MASS COMMUNICATION**

COURSE CODE: JMC 313

COURSE TITLE: ENGLISH MORPHOLOGY AND SYNTAX

DATE: 7TH JANUARY, 2022

TIME: 11.00AM - 1.00PM

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

Answer Question **ONE** and any other **TWO** Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

This Paper Consists of 2 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over. ►

KIBU observes **ZERO** tolerance to examination cheating.

QUESTION ONE - COMPULSORY (30 MARKS)

- a) By use of examples distinguish between the following concepts
- i) Morphology and syntax (2 marks)
 - ii) Inflection and derivational morphology (2 marks)
 - iii) Stem and a base (2 marks)
 - iv) Declarative and imperative sentences (2 marks)
- b) Name the word formation process involved in the following instances
- i) Breakfast + Lunch = brunch
 - ii) Paper the wall with silver paper
 - iii) Helter skelter the naughty boy scampered away
 - iv) I do not have a single piece of leso to sell to you (4 marks)
- c) Give sentences with the following sentence patterns
- i) S+ V+ Adv 2mks
 - ii) S+ V+ C 2mks
 - iii) S+ V + O + O 3mks
 - iv) S + V + PP 3mks
- d) Using examples outline the components of a noun phrase (4 marks)
- e) Clearly explain the distinction between inflectional morphology and derivational morphology (4 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- (a) Define a morpheme, a morph and an allomorph using English Examples (6 marks)
- (b) Study the two words below then answer the questions that follow:
[Internationalizations] [reactualizational]
- i. State the number of morphemes in each word (4 marks)
 - ii. For each morpheme, state if it is derivational or inflectional (4 marks)
 - iii. Draw a tree diagram for each word showing its internal structure (6 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- (a) Distinguish between the following morphological processes in English (6 marks)
- (i) Compounding versus reduplication (ii) Ablaut versus suppletion
- (b) Inflections in English are used to mark grammatical contrasts, explain how number, person, case and tense contrasts are marked (6 marks)
- (c) Explain the following word formation processes using English examples (8 marks)
- (i) Clipping (ii) Blending (iii) Backformation (iv) Conversion

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- (a) Provide re-write rules for the following sentence (4 marks)

Kenya is known for its beautiful game parks

(b) Describe four tests for phrase structure constituency (8 marks)

(c) Draw two phrase markers to show the two meanings in the following sentence (8 marks)

Intelligent men and women always achieve their goals

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

Discuss the following word formation processes:

- | | | |
|------|----------------|-----------|
| i) | Back formation | (4 marks) |
| ii) | Clipping | (4 marks) |
| iii) | Acronym | (4 marks) |
| iv) | Borrowing | (4 marks) |
| v) | Blending | (4 marks) |

QUESTION SIX (20 MARKS)

Discuss both structural and functional types of sentences.

QUESTION SEVEN (20 MARKS)

- | | | |
|----|--|------------|
| a) | Distinguish between surface and deep structure | (10 marks) |
| b) | Discuss the phrasal structure | (10 marks) |