



KIBABII UNIVERSITY

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS
2020/2021 ACADEMIC YEAR**

**THIRD YEAR SECOND SEMESTER
SPECIAL/SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS**

**FOR THE DEGREE OF
B.SC RENEWABLE ENERGY AND BIOFUELS TECHNOLOGY**

COURSE CODE: REN 322

COURSE TITLE: HEAT AND MASS TRANSFER

DURATION: 2 HOURS

DATE: 20/1/2022

TIME: 8-10AM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- (i) Answer **Question 1 (Compulsory)** and any other **TWO** questions
- (ii) All symbols have their usual meaning
- (iii) Use steam tables provided

This paper consists of **3** printed pages. Please Turn Over



KIBU observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

QUESTION ONE (Compulsory) – 30 MARKS

- a) What is the implication of the Grashof number with regard to fluid flow? **(4 Marks)**
- b) Differentiate between the following bodies.
- (i) Black body **(2 Marks)**
 - (ii) Grey body **(2 Marks)**
- c) Use a sketch to show the progression in the velocity boundary layer as the fluid flows **(5 Marks)**
- (d) Explain briefly the differences between the following types of heat exchangers
- (i) Recuperative **(2 Marks)**
 - (ii) Regenerative **(2 Marks)**
- (e) Draw a well labeled diagram to show the temperature distribution in a parallel-flow heat exchanger **(5 Marks)**
- (f) Define the following.
- i) Heat exchanger effectiveness **(2 Marks)**
 - ii) Thermal capacity **(2 Marks)**
- (g) Define the Stefan-Boltzmann law **(4 Marks)**

QUESTION TWO – 20 MARKS

- a) Show that the heat transfer, Q through a cylinder/pipe can be expressed as:

$$Q = \frac{2\pi k(t_1 - t_2)}{\ln\left(\frac{r_2}{r_1}\right)}$$

(8 Marks)

- b) A steel pipe of 100mm bore and 7mm thickness, carrying steam at 260°C is insulated with 40mm of moulded high-temperature diatomaceous earth covering. This covering is in turn insulated with 60mm of asbestos felt. The heat transfer coefficients for the inside and outside

surfaces are 550 and 15 kW/m²K respectively, and the thermal conductivities of steel, diatomaceous earth, and asbestos felt are 50, 0.09, and 0.07 W/mK respectively.

- i. Calculate the rate at which the heat is lost by steam per metre length of pipe if the atmospheric temperature is 15⁰C.

(10 Marks)

- ii. Calculate the temperature of the outside surface.

(2 Marks)

QUESTION THREE – 20 MARKS

Calculate the rate of heat loss in air by natural convection per metre length from a horizontal pipe of 150 mm diameter, the surface of which is at 277⁰C, and the room temperature is 17⁰C. For the horizontal pipe take;

$$Nu = 0.527Pr^{0.5}(Pr + 0.952)^{-0.25}Gr^{0.25}$$

Evaluate the properties at surface temperature, and take the coefficient of cubical expansion, β to be T^{-1} ; where T is the absolute temperature in Kelvin.

(20 Marks)

QUESTION FOUR – 20 MARKS

A hot steel billet measuring 4m long, 1m wide, and 1m thick has 95% of its surface exposed. The billet is grey and has an emissivity of 0.3, its thermal conductivity is very high, and the surroundings are at 28⁰C. The steel has a specific heat capacity of 0.45kJ/kgK, and a density of 7810kg/m³. Neglecting the heat losses through conduction and convection, calculate the time that the billet will take to cool from 1300⁰C to 850⁰C.

(20 Marks)