



(Knowledge for Development)

KIBABII UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

2020/2021 ACADEMIC YEAR

FOURTH YEAR SECOND SEMESTER

SPECIAL/SUPPLIMENTARY EXAMINATION

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION AND

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE

COURSE CODE: MAT 406

COURSE TITLE: FIELD THEORY

DATE: 17/01/2022 **TIME**: 11 **AM** -1:00 **PM**

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer Question One and Any other TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

Question 1 (30 marks)

- a) Define the following terms
- i) Zero divisor

(3 marks)

ii) Integral domain

(2 marks)

iii) Division ring

(2 marks)

iv) Field

(2 marks)

v) Homomorphism

(3 marks)

- b) If R is an integral domain and p(x) and q(x) are nonzero elements of R(x), then deg(p(x)+q(x))=deg(p(x)+deg(p(x))
- c) R(x) is an integral domain iff R is an integral domain. Prove

(6 marks)

d) Given that $f(x) = 3x^2 + 2$

 $g(x) = 4x^4 + 2x^3 + 6x^2 + 4x + 5$ in $Z_7[x]$. Find q(x) and r(x) such that g(x) = f(x).q(x) + r(x).

(6marks)

Question 2 (20 marks)

a) Let F be an arbitrary field and f(x) be a polynomial over F. Define a zero of f(x).

(3 marks)

- b) If f(x) is a polynomial over F and $c \in F$. The remainder in the division of f(x) by x c is f(c). Prove (5 marks)
- c) A polynomial f(x) over F has a factor x-c in F(x) iff $c \in F$ is a zero of f(x). Prove

(3 marks)

d) Let F be a field then f(x) is a unit in F(x) iff f(x) is a nonzero constant polynomial. Prove. (9 marks)

Question three (20 marks)

a) Determine whether the following are irreducible over Z_5

i)
$$f(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x + 4$$

(5 marks)

ii)
$$g(x) = x^2 + 3x + 4$$

(5 marks)

b) Express $x^4 - 4$ as a product of irreducible factors in

i)
$$Q[x]$$

(3 marks)

ii)
$$R[x]$$

(3 marks)

iii)
$$\phi[x]$$

(4 marks)

Question four (20 marks)

a) Define the following:

i) Characteristic of a field F

(3 marks)

ii) Field extensions

(3 marks)

iii) The degree of a field extension

(3 marks)

iv) Let α be algebraic over a field F . Define the minimal polynomial for α over F . (3 marks)

b) The characteristic of a field F, Ch(F) is either zero or a prime p. Prove

(8 marks)

Question five (20 marks)

a) The algebraic element α is algebraic over F iff the simple extension $F(\alpha)/F$ is finite.

Prove. (12 marks)

b) $F(\alpha, \beta) = (F(\alpha))(\beta)$. Prove

(8 marks)