



KIBABII UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2021/2022ACADEMIC YEAR

THIRD YEAR FIRST SEMESTER RESIT EXAMINATIONS

FOR THE DEGREE OF BSC (PHYSICS)

COURSE CODE:

SPH 326

COURSE TITLE:

MECHANICS PHYSICAL OPTICS

DURATION: 2 HOURS

DATE: 18/1/2022

TIME: 2-4PM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer **QUESTION ONE** (Compulsory) and any other two (2) Questions.

Indicate **answered questions** on the front cover.

Start every question on a new page and make sure question's number is written on each page.

This paper consists of 4 printed pages. Please Turn Over



KIBU observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

Question Four (20 Marks)

- a) Distinguish between Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction in optics. (2 marks)
- b) Name and give examples of the three main types of waves. (6 marks)
- c) Describe the character of diffraction for different location of the observation screen.(6 marks)
- d) Name and give examples of the three main types of waves. (6 marks)

Question Five (20 Marks)

- a) What is wave diffraction? (2 marks)
- b) Describe two classifications of diffraction phenomena. (8 marks)
- Explain the principle and the experimental arrangement governing the formation of Newton rings.
- d) Name any four conditions for interference of waves to occur. (4 marks)

Question One (30 marks)

	Guarda amongition Dringinle in Wayes	(2 marks)	
a)	State the superposition Principle in waves.	(4 marks)	
b)	Describe what happens to an incident wave on a boundary between two media.	(4 marks)	
c)	Distinguish between coherent and incoherent waves.	(4 marks)	
d)	Describe how the intensity of light varies from its source.	(4 marks)	
e)	Cite any four cases in daily life and nature where polarization occurs.	(4 marks)	
f)	Explain what is meant by optical photometry.	(4 marks)	
g)	Name special Conditions for a Steady Optical Interference Pattern of optical waves. Name two sources of Phase differences and write down the conditions for both cons		
h)		(4 marks)	
	destructive interference		
Question Two (20 Marks)			
	Division in 1 1 decrease matter wave and electromagnetic wave	(2 marks)	
a)	Distinguish between matter wave and electromagnetic wave. Describe Fraunhofer diffraction of waves.	(4 marks)	
b)	The diagrams to show the effect of the SIZE Of S	a slit on the	
c)	diffraction of a wave.	(4 marks)	
1)	1 (22 m is passed through a parrow slit and the diffraction pattern is		
a)	d) Laser light of wavelength 633nm is passed through a harrow she and the diffraction particular observed on the screen 6m away. The distance on the screen between the centers of the first		
	minima on either side of the central bright fringe is 32mm. How wide is the slit?	(4 marks)	
	The speed and wavelength of light wave in a first medium is 2.98×10^8 a	and 7.23nm	
e)	The speed and wavelength of light wave in a first medium is 2.50×10 c	d medium is	
	respectively. Find the wave speed and frequency if its wavelength in the second	(6 marks)	
	6.03nm.	(o marks)	
Organian Throng (20 Marks)			
	Question Three (20 Marks)	(61)	
a	Describe any three physical properties of optical light.	(6 marks)	
b	A particular plane polarized electromagnetic wave, with a frequency of 1	00 MHz, 18	
	traveling through a vacuum in a direction we can call the x-axis. At $t = 0$, the	electric field	
	due to this wave at $x = 0$ has a magnitude of 300 V/m.		
i)	What is the wavelength of this wave?	(3 marks)	
) If this wave entered your eye, would you see anything?	(2 marks)	
11) If this wave entered your eye, would you see anything.			
iii) At $t = 0$ and $x = 0$, Find the magnitude of the magnetic field due to this wave? (3 marks)			
i	w) How much time passes, after $t = 0$, before the electric and magnetic fields at $x = 0$	0 are exactly	
tl	he same as they are at $t = 0$? State the minimum non-zero time.	(3 marks)	

v) If 300 V/m represents the amplitude of the electric field in this electromagnetic wave, what

is the wave's average intensity?

(3 marks)

Question Four (20 Marks)

- a) Distinguish between Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction in optics. (2 marks) b) Name and give examples of the three main types of waves. (6 marks) c) Describe the character of diffraction for different location of the observation screen.(6 marks) d) Name and give examples of the three main types of waves. (6 marks) Question Five (20 Marks) (2 marks)
- (8 marks) b) Describe two classifications of diffraction phenomena.

What is wave diffraction?

- c) Explain the principle and the experimental arrangement governing the formation of Newton (6 marks) rings.
- d) Name any four conditions for interference of waves to occur. (4 marks)