



(Knowledge for Development)

KIBABII UNIVERSITY

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS
2016/2017 ACADEMIC YEAR**

**SPECIAL/SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS
YEAR FOUR SEMESTER TWO EXAMINATIONS**

**FOR THE DEGREE OF
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE COMPUTER SCIENCE**

COURSE CODE : CSC 355E

**COURSE TITLE : PARALLEL COMPUTER
ARCHITECTURE**

DATE: 28/09/2017

TIME: 3:00 P.M – 5:00 P.M

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

ANSWER QUESTIONS ONE AND ANY OTHER TWO.

QUESTION ONE-COMPULSORY (30marks)

- a) List the four classes of parallel computers according to Flynn's Taxonomy [4 marks]
- b) Briefly describe any three factors influencing parallel computing. [6marks]
- c) Traditional techniques of increasing uniprocessors performance are nearly reaching their limits. Explain [6 marks]
- d) Briefly describe the following parallel programming models
- i) Shared address space [2 marks]
 - ii) Message passing [2 marks]
 - iii) Data parallel programming [2 marks]
- e) State the importance of caches in high performance microprocessors [2 marks]
- f) Using relevant diagrams, explain the working of any two cache schemes [6 marks]

QUESTION TWO (20marks)

- a) Explain any three desired characteristics of parallel systems [6 marks]
- b) State any two advantages and two disadvantages of the distributed system multicomputers [4marks]
- c) Discuss the following classes of Shared memory parallel multiprocessors
- i) Uniform Memory Access (UMA) , [2 marks]
 - ii) Non-Uniform Memory Access (NUMA) [2 marks]
- d) Using relevant diagrams illustrate the following types of multicore architectures
- i) Pipe-line design [3 marks]
 - ii) Hierarchical design [3 marks]

QUESTION THREE (20mks)

- a) What is memory contention in multiprocessors [1mark]
- b) Explain how memory contention is resolved in tightly coupled and loosely coupled multiprocessors [4 marks]
- c) Write short notes on the Following models for dynamically scheduled processors
- Relaxing the Write-to-Read Program Order . [2 marks]
 - Relaxing the Write-to-Read and Write-to-Write Program Orders. [2 marks]
 - Relaxing All Program Orders [2 marks]
- d) In an experiment to determine performance of processors, the data in the table below are obtained. Use the values to answer questions 3 (d)(i & ii)

	Intel Pentium 4 2.4GHz Single-core	Intel Pentium 4 2.8GHz Single-core	Intel Pentium G640T 2.4GHz Dual-core
Number of Processes	38	38	38
CPU Usage	57%	40%	16%
Physical Memory	29% - 30% 611MB – 624MB	32% - 33% 620MB – 650MB	40% - 41% 795MB – 816MB
Maximum Frequency	100%	100%	60% - 69%
Time Taken to Copy files	1489 seconds	1446 seconds	1284 seconds
CPU Temperature Before Experiment	38°C	38°C	35°C
CPU Temperature After Experiment	41°C	41°C	39°C
Core Voltage	1.470volts	1.340volts	0.776volts
Maximum TDP	89W	89W	35W

- i) Compare the performance of Intel Pentium IV 2.8GHz Single-core and Intel Pentium G640T 2.4GHz Dual-core systems in terms of speed in percentage [3 marks]

- ii) Determine speed-up for the set in d(i) above [2 marks]
- e) Differentiate between network switching and network routing [4marks]

QUESTION FOUR (20marks)

- a) Define the following terms as used in caches
- i) Snoop [1 mark]
 - ii) Snarf [1 mark]
 - iii) Dirty Data [1 mark]
 - iv) Stale Data [1 mark]
- b) Using relevant illustrations, describe how the following protocols are used to achieve data consistency in caches.
- i) Snoopy bus protocol [6 marks]
 - ii) Directory based protocol [6 marks]
- c) Explain why S-COMA is more cost-efficient than normal COMA. [4 marks]

QUESTION FIVE (20marks)

- a) State major problems that complicate the task of multiprocessor design. [2 marks]
- b) State any two ways of overcoming replication capacity problem [2 marks]
- c) Explain the following common interconnection networks in multiprocessors
- i) Shared bus. [3 marks]
 - ii) Multiple bus. [3 marks]
 - iii) Crossbar switch and Multiport. [3 marks]
- d) Discuss the approaches to latency tolerance [6 marks]