



*(Knowledge for Development)*

**KIBABII UNIVERSITY**  
**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**  
**2020/2021 ACADEMIC YEAR**  
**FIRST YEAR FIRST SEMESTER**  
**SPECIAL/SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION**  
**FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION AND**  
**BACHELOR OF SCIENCE**

**COURSE CODE: MAP 112**

**COURSE TITLE: BASIC MATHEMATICS AND ANALYTIC  
GEOMETRY**

**DATE: 30/09/2021**

**TIME: 11:00 AM- 1:00 PM**

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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Answer Question One and Any other TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

This Paper Consists of 4 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

### QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- a) Classify the equation  $Ax^2 + Bxy + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0$  (3 marks)
- a) Find the distance between the lines  $3x + 4y = 9$  and  $6x + 8y = 15$  (5 marks)
- b) If the slope of a line passing through the point A (1, 1) is  $\frac{3}{4}$ , then find points on the line which are 5 units away from the point A. (5 marks)
- c) Find the equation of a parabola, directrix and its sketch having its vertex at (-1, 2) and focus at (0,2). (5 marks)
- d) Find the equation of the straight line which passes through the point (1, -2) and cuts off equal intercepts from axes. (3 marks)
- e) Verify whether the circles  $x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 8y - 23 = 0$  and  $x^2 + y^2 - 5x - 2y + 16 = 0$  are orthogonal. (4 marks)
- f) Analyze and sketch the graph of  $x^2 + 6y + 8x + 25 = 0$  (5 marks)

### QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) Solve the following using synthetic division tableau  
 $(x^3 - 2x^2 + 1) \div (x - 3)$  (3 marks)
- b) Find the zeros of  $f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 11x - 6$  (3 marks)
- c) Write an equation for a parabola with focus at (2,5) and directrix  $x = -6$ . Sketch its graph. (7 marks)
- d) Using trigonometric substitution convert the following equation into parametric form.  
 $\frac{x^2}{49} - \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$  (3 marks)
- e) Convert the following equations to Cartesian equations and identify their graphs.  
 $x = t^2 + t, y = 2t - 1 -1 \leq t \leq 3$  (6 marks)

### QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) Sketch the graphs of the following equations and give their respective equations of asymptotes.

i.  $\frac{(x-2)^2}{25} + \frac{(y+3)^2}{16} = 1$

ii.  $\frac{(x-1)^2}{4} - \frac{(y+2)^2}{1} = 1$  (8 marks)

- b) Find the equation of a parabola, directrix and its sketch having its vertex at  $(-1, 2)$  and focus at  $(0, 2)$ . (5 marks)

- c) Convert the polar equation given below to Cartesian equations and identify their graphs

$$r = 2a \cos \theta + 2b \sin \theta \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

- d) Convert the cartesian equations given below to polar equation

$$x^2 + y^2 = 25 \quad (2 \text{ marks})$$

### QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) Derive the equation of the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$  (8 marks)

- b) Sketch the graph of  $(x + 4)^2 = -12(y + 1)$  (5 marks)

- c) Convert the following set of parametric equations to cartesian equations.

$$x = 6 \cos t, y = 2 \sin t, 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi. \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

- d) Convert the following from polar to cartesian

i.  $(3, \frac{\pi}{2})$

ii.  $r = 2 \sec \theta$  (4 marks)

**QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)**

a) Given the equation of an ellipse  $9x^2 - 18x + 25y^2 + 100y = 116$

i. Write the equation in standard form. (3marks)

ii. Find the foci, center, the vertices of the curve and sketch it. (6 marks)

b) Find equation of an ellipse with foci  $(-4,0)$  and  $(4,0)$  that passes through  $(0,3)$  (4 marks)

c) Find the vertex, axis of symmetry, focus, directrix and sketch the graph of the parabola  
 $x^2 + 4x + 4y - 4 = 0$  (7 marks)