

(Knowledge for Development)

### KIBABII UNIVERSITY

#### UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR

#### SECOND YEAR FIRST SEMESTER

MAIN EXAMINATION

#### FOR THE MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

**COURSE CODE: MBA832** 

COURSE TITLE: CORPORATE FINANCE

DATE:3<sup>RD</sup> JUNE,2022

TIME: 9.00AM -12NOON

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer Question One in Section A and Any other THREE (3) Questions in Section B

TIME: 3 Hours

KIBU observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

This Paper Consists of 3 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.



#### SECTION A

#### **QUESTION ONE**

- a) Explain the implications of foreign exchange risk for financial management of multinational firms (6mks)
- b) Analyze four classifications of financial markets (8mks)
- c) The returns of two assets under five possible state of nature are given below

State of economy	probability	Return on stock A(%)	Return on stock B(%)	Return on portfolio (%)
1	0.2	15	-5	5
2	0.2	-5	15	5
3	0.2	5	25	15
4	0.2	35	5	20
5	0.2	25	35	30

## Required:

- i) Expected return of each stock as well as for the portfolio (6mks)
- ii) Standard deviation of each stock as well as for the portfolio (6mks)
  - d) Assume that the Carter Company issues a Sh.1,000, 8%, 20-year bond whose net proceeds are sh.940. The tax rate is 40%. Required calculate the before-tax cost of debt, ki, and the after-tax cost of debt is: kd (4mks)

#### **SECTION B**

#### **Question Two**

a) State and explain eight reasons why a company would want to invest abroad (8mks)



b) Two firms, the levered firm (L) and the unlevered firm (U) are identical in all important respects except financial structure. Firm L has Sh 4 million of 7.5% debt, while Firm U uses only equity. Both firms have EBIT of Sh 900,000 and the firms are in the same business risk class. Assume that both firms have the same equity capitalization rate  $K_{e(u)} = K_{e(L)} = 10\%$ . Required, Calculate the total market value of the two firms under these conditions (7mks)

## **Question Three**

During Financial planning for corporations, a finance manager has to select financial instruments after considering various factors. Discuss five factors to be considered in making this decision (15mks)

## **Question Four**

XYZ, Inc., with a 14 percent cost of capital after taxes is considering a project with an expected life of 4 years. The project requires an initial certain cash outlay of sh.50,000. The expected cash inflows and certainty equivalent coefficients are as follows:

# Year After-Tax Cash Flow Certainty Equivalent Adjustment Factor

- sh.10,000 0.95
- sh.15,000 0.80
- 3 sh.20,000 0.70
- 4 sh.25,000 0.60

Assuming that the risk-free rate of return is 5 percent, Calculate the NPV and IRR of the project (15mks)

## **Question Five**

a) Assume XYZ Corporation wishes to introduce one of two products to the market this year. The probabilities and present values (PV) of projected cash inflows are given below:

Product Initial investment PV of cash inflows Probabilities



A sh.225,000 1.00

\$450,000 0.40

200,000 0.50

-100,000 0.10

B 80,000 1.00

320,000 0.20

100,000 0.60

-150,000 0.20

Construct a decision tree analyzing the two products (7mks)

b) The capital structure of a concern depends upon a large number of factors. Discuss atleast four factors influencing the capital structure of a firm (8mks)

