



(Knowledge for Development)

KIBABII UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS **2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR** FOURTH YEAR SECOND SEMESTER MAIN EXAMINATION

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION AND **BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (MATHEMATICS)**

COURSE CODE:

MAT 432

COURSE TITLE: METHODS II

DATE:

1/10/2021

TIME: 2:00 PM - 4:00 PM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer Question One and Any other TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

This Paper Consists of 2 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

QUESTION ONE (30MARKS)

- (a) Given f(x, y) = sinx + cosy, use implicit function theorem to evaluate $\frac{dy}{dx}$ (7 marks)
- (b) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve $r = \sin\theta$ at $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$ (6 marks)
- (c) Given $f(t) = sint \ and \ h(t) = t$, find the convolution of f(t) and h(t) (6 marks)
- (d) Evaluate $\oint_C (x^2 y^2) dx + (2y x) dy$ where C consists of the region in the first quadrant that is bounded by the curves $y = x^2$ and $y = x^3$ (7 marks)
- (e) Evaluate $\int_{1}^{2} \int_{0}^{y} (8xy + 1) dx dy$ (4 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20MARKS)

- (a) If $z = x^2 + y^2$ where $x = r\cos\emptyset$ and $y = r\sin\emptyset$, show that $\frac{\partial z}{\partial r} = 2x\cos\emptyset + 2y\sin\emptyset$ (7 marks)
- (b) Given $f = 3x^2 + 2xy + 4y^2$, show that $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x}$ (7 marks)
- (c) Given that $U = x^3 xy y^4$, find the value of $\frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial y^2}$ if x = -1 and y = -2 (6 Marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- (a) If $g(t) = e^{-3t}$ and $h(t) = e^{2t}$, show that g * h(t) = h * g(t) (7 marks)
- (b) Evaluate $L\{\int_0^t e^u \sin(t-u) du\}$ (6 marks)
- (c) Show that $\int_0^\pi \int_0^a 2\pi r^2 \sin\theta d\theta dr = \frac{2\pi r^4}{3} (1 \cos a)$ (7 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- (a) Convert (i) (4,-3) to polar coordinates
 - (ii) (4.5, 5.16 rads) to cartesian form (6 marks)
- (b) (i) Convert the polar equation $r = -3\cos\theta$ to rectangular form
 - (ii) Convert xy = 4 to polar form simplifying your answer (7 marks)
- (c.) Find the gradient of the tangent to the curve $r = \theta$ when $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$ (7 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- (a) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{2} \int_{-1}^{2} \int_{1}^{3} (x + y^{2} + z) dx dz dy$ (6 marks)
- (b) Compute the line integral $\oint_C (5 xy y^2) dx (2xy x^2) dy$, where C is the boundary of the square $R = \{(x, y): 0 \le x \le 1, 0 \le y \le 1\}$ (7 marks)
- (c) Use Green's theorem to evaluate $\oint_C x^2ydx + x^2dy$, where C is the boundary, described anticlockwise, of the tringle whose vertices are (0,0), (1,0), (1,1) (7 marks)