



# KIBABII UNIVERSITY

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS  
2020/2021 ACADEMIC YEAR**

**FOURTH YEAR SECOND SEMESTER  
MAIN EXAMINATIONS**

**FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF CHEMISTRY**

**COURSE CODE: SCH 420**

**COURSE TITLE: SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTATION**

**DURATION: 2 HOURS**

**DATE: 4/10/2021**

**TIME: 2:00-4:00 PM**

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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Answer **QUESTION ONE** (Compulsory) and any other two (2) Questions.
- Indicate **answered questions** on the front cover.
- Start every question on a new page and make sure question's number is written on each page.

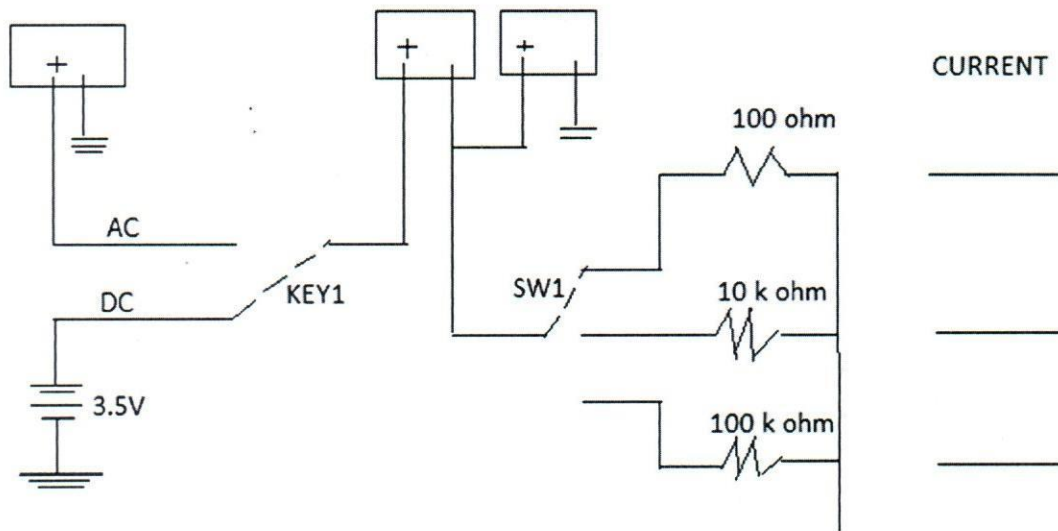
This paper consists of 5 printed pages. Please Turn Over



KIBU observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

**Question 1 (30 marks)**

- a) i) Describe the following components on a circuit, resistors, capacitors, inductors and transistors **(4marks)**  
 ii) Sketch a circuit with all the components described **(4marks)**  
 b) Calculate the current in amperes on the circuit below **(3marks)**



- c) i) State the critical difference between analogue and digital multimeters **(2marks)**  
 ii) Explain some of the advantages of digital instruments over analogue ones **(3marks)**  
 d) State the differences between the LED and LCD screens **(3marks)**  
 e) Sketch the waveforms for **(4marks)**  
 i) Sine wave  
 ii) Full rectified sine wave indicating rms in each case  
 iii) Sketch a pulse wave form  
 f) Explain some of the applications of MTDR **(3marks)**  
 g) i) describe capillary electrophoresis **(2marks)**  
 iii) Describe the path length of the detection cell in electrophoresis **(2marks)**

**Question 2 (20marks)**

- a) Identify the electronic transitions on the molecule  $\text{CH}_2\text{CHCHO}$  in UV light **(4marks)**  
 b) Explain the processing and detection of data on the UV spectrophotometer **(4marks)**

c) Sketch the flowchart for the double beam UV spectrometer and explain its advantage over the single beam one (5marks)

d) A grating containing  $2000 \text{ grooves mm}^{-1}$  was radiated with a polychromatic beam at an incidence angle of  $48^\circ$  to the grating normal. Calculate  $\lambda$  for the radiation that would appear at an angle of reflection  $+20^\circ$  degree when the order is one. (3marks)

e) Sketch a hollow cathode lamp and describe how it works (4marks)

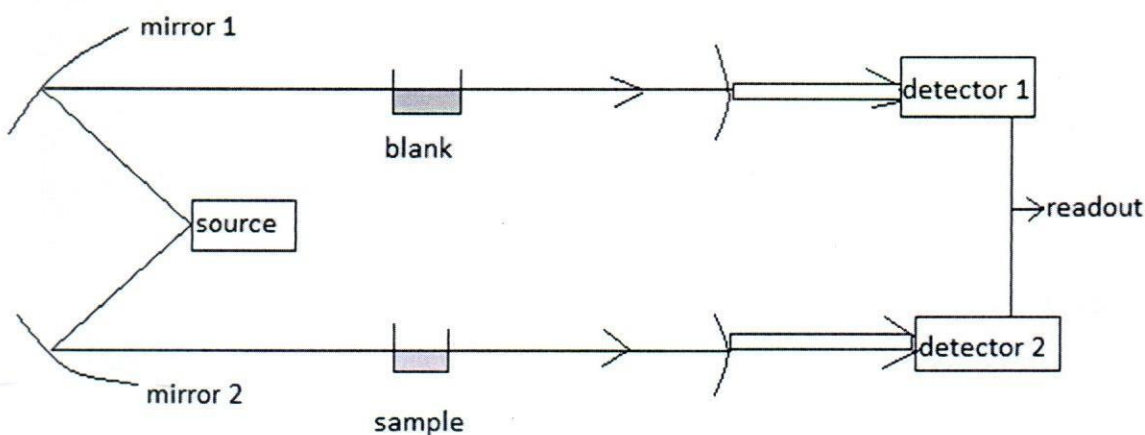
### Question 3 (20marks)

a) i) Why are some molecules opaque to IR (2marks)

ii) Describe how such molecules may be tested on an industrial production line (2marks)

b) Explain the working of the Golay detector (2marks)

c) The flowchart below represents an FTIR machine



Briefly explain the advantage of this attenuated Total Reflectance-ATR technique to the normal single beam (4marks)

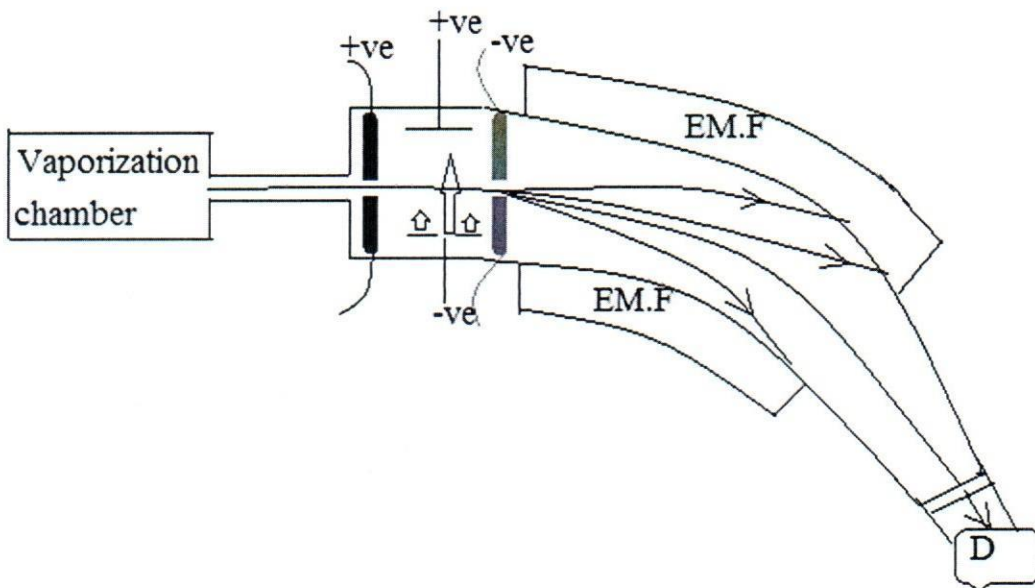
d) Calculate the  $V$  and  $\lambda$  of a fundamental absorption peak due to stretching vibration of a carbonyl group,  $C=O$  ( $C=12$ ,  $O=16$ ,  $F=1 \times 10^3$ ) (3marks)

g) i) Briefly explain the working of a CRT (4marks)

ii) Describe phosphorescence as a light output from a CRT (3marks)

**Question 4 (20marks)**

a) Sketch the flowchart diagram for the mass spectrum below and explain its working (10marks)



b) Identify the fragments from  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_3$  using a soft method and draw a spectrum for the same (4marks)

c) State the importance of constant magnetic field in NMR. (2marks)

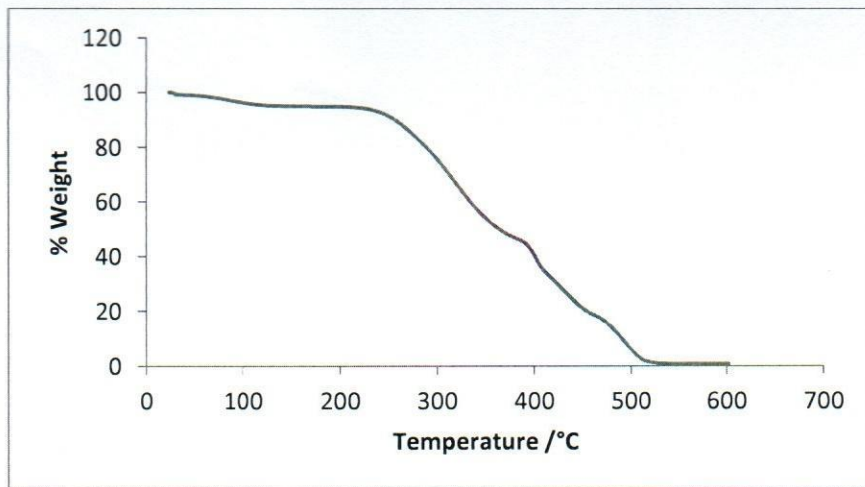
d) What is a spectrum and when does it use a fourier transform analyser (4marks)

**Question 5 (20marks)**

a) Describe the working of and XRD machine and explain why it does not produce a satisfactory result for powder corn starch (4marks)

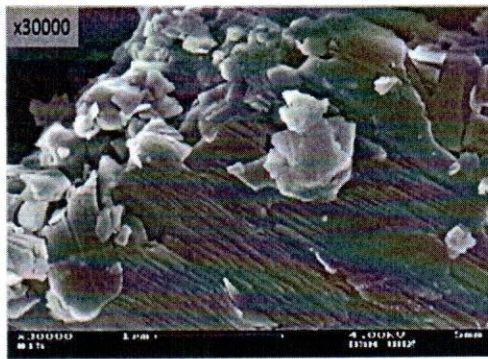
b) Describe the difference in atomization and ionization between AAS and FES (5marks)

c) Describe the TGA of corn starch as shown by the graph below (6marks)



d) Describe how the SEM machine generates the picture below

(3marks)



e) Explain the features of an IC

(2marks)