



## KIBABII UNIVERSITY

### UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2020/2021 ACADEMIC YEAR

# THIRD YEAR SECOND SEMESTER MAIN EXAMINATIONS

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (PHYSICS)

COURSE CODE:

**SPC 321** 

COURSE TITLE:

QUANTUM MECHANICS I

**DATE**: 6/10/2021

TIME: 2:00-4:00 PM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

TIME: 2 HOURS

Answer question ONE and any TWO of the remaining

KIBU observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

#### **QUESTION ONE [30 MARKS]**

- a) If  $\hat{A} = 3x^2$  and  $\hat{B} = \frac{d}{dx}$ . Show that  $\hat{A}$  and  $\hat{B}$  do not commute. [4 marks]
- b) Show that the function  $\psi(x) = cxexp\left(-\frac{1}{2}x^2\right)$  is an eigen function of the operator  $\left(x^2 \frac{d^2}{dx^2}\right)$  and hence the corresponding eigen value.
- c) Find the probability that a particle trapped in a box L wide can be found between [4 marks] o.45L and 0.55L for ground state.
- d) A particle has a 1-dimensional wave function given by:- [4 marks]  $\psi(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L}.$  Find the expectation value of x in the interval [0, L].
- e) The Hamiltonian of a simple harmonic oscillator is given by  $\hat{H} = \frac{\hat{p}^2}{2m} + \frac{1}{2}m\omega\hat{x}^2$  [4 marks] prove that:  $[\hat{p}_x, \hat{H}] = -i\hbar m\omega^2 x$ .
- f) Write down the two Heisenberg uncertainty relations involving energy and momentum. Hence estimate the kinetic energy in MeV of a neutron confined to a nucleus of diameter 10 fm.
- Show that the wave functions  $\psi_n(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L}$  and  $\psi_m(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin \frac{m\pi x}{L}$  are orthogonal. [4 marks]

#### QUESTION TWO [20 MARKS]

- a) What boundary conditions do wave functions obey? [2 marks]
- (b) A particle confined to a one dimensional potential well has a wave function given by:-

$$\psi(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & for \ x < -L/2 \\ Acos\left(\frac{3\pi x}{L}\right) for \ -L/2 \le x \le L/2 \\ 0 & for \ x > -L/2 \end{cases}$$

- (i) Sketch the wave function  $\psi(x) \approx \cos\left(\frac{3\pi x}{L}\right)$  [3 marks]
- (ii) Calculate the normalization constant A [5 marks]
- (iii) Calculate the probability of finding the particle in the interval  $-L/4 \le x \le L/4$  [5 marks]

(iv) Using the Schrödinger equation  $\left(-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}\right)\left(\frac{d^2\psi}{dx^2}\right) = E\psi$  show that the energy [5 marks] E corresponding to this wave function is given by:  $-\frac{9\pi^2\hbar^2}{2mL^2}$ .

#### **QUESTION THREE [20 MARKS]**

- Show that the momentum operator  $-i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial x}$  is a Hermitian operator. Hence obtain [10 marks] Eigen function and Eigen values of  $\hat{p}_x$ .
- b) Given that: L = rxp, show that  $[L_x, L_y] = i\hbar L_z$ . [10 marks]

#### **QUESTION FOUR [20 MARKS]**

- a) The one- dimensional time-independent Schrödinger equation is given by  $\left(-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}\right)\left(\frac{d^2\psi(x)}{dx^2}\right) + U(x)\psi(x) = E\psi(x)$  give the meaning of the symbols in this equation.
- b) A particle of mass m is contained in a one-dimensional box of width a. the potential energy is infinite at the walls of the box x=0 and x=a and zero in between 0 < x < a. Solve the Schrödinger equation for this particle and hence show that the normalized solutions have the forms  $\psi_n(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{a}$  and  $E_n = \frac{h^2 n^2}{8ma^2}$ .
- c) For n = 3, find the probability that the particle will be located in the region a/3 < x < 2a/3. [4 marks]

#### **QUESTION FIVE [20 MARKS]**

- a) Find the expectation values of kinetic energy, potential energy and total energy of hydrogen atom in ground state for  $\psi_0 = \frac{e^{-r/a_0}}{\sqrt{\pi a_0^3}}$  where  $a_0$  is the Bohr's radius.
- b) Using  $\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = -\frac{\hbar}{2mi} \nabla^2 \psi + \frac{v}{i\hbar} \psi$  and  $\frac{\partial \psi^*}{\partial t} = \frac{\hbar}{2mi} \nabla^2 \psi^* + \frac{v}{i\hbar} \psi^*$  show that [12 marks]  $J_x = v_x |A|^2$ .