



*(Knowledge for Development)*

**KIBABII UNIVERSITY**  
**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**  
**2020/2021 ACADEMIC YEAR**  
**THIRD YEAR SECOND SEMESTER**  
**MAIN EXAMINATION**

**FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION AND  
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE**

**COURSE CODE: MAA 323**

**COURSE TITLE: NUMERICAL ANALYSIS**

**DATE: 8/10/2021**

**TIME: 2:00 PM – 4:00 PM**

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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Answer Question One and Any other TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

This Paper Consists of 2 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

**QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)**

(12 marks)

- a) Solve using Doolittle method

$$2x + y + 4z = 12$$

$$8x - 3y + 2z = 20$$

$$4x + 4y - z = 33$$

- b) Find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors for the matrix given. (8 marks)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- c) Given the IVP
- $u' = t^2 + u^2, u(0) = 0$
- . Determine the first 2 non-zero terms in the series for
- $u(t)$
- and hence get the value of
- $u(1)$
- . (7 marks)

- d) Check if the function is a natural spline. (3 marks)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 5x^3 - 3x^2 & -1 \leq x < 0 \\ -5x^3 - 3x^2 & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

**QUESTION TWO (20 marks)**

Complete the largest Eigen value and Eigen vector using power series.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

**QUESTION THREE (20 marks)**

- a) Use Picard's method for successive approximation to find the value of
- $y$
- when
- $x$
- given to be 0.1. Given that
- $y = 1$
- when
- $x = 0$
- and the differential equation is given as
- $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x + y^2; y(0) = 1$
- . Find
- $y$
- when
- $x = 0.1$
- (14 marks)

- b) Evaluate
- $\int_{-1}^1 (1-x^2)^{3/2} \cos x \, dx$
- using 3 points Gauss Chebyshev method. (6 marks)

**QUESTION FOUR (20 marks)**

- a) Construct the least squares approximation for the function given as
- $y = e^x [0,1]$
- . (10 marks)
- 
- b) Obtain the cubic spline approximation for the following set of data. (10 marks)

x	0	1	2	3
f(x)	1	2	33	244

Hence interpolate at  $x = 2.5$ **QUESTION FIVE (20 marks)**Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x} \, dx$  using Gauss-Legendre ;

- i. 2 point
- ii. 3 point
- iii. 4 point formulae