



(Knowledge for Development)

KIBABII UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

2020/2021 ACADEMIC YEAR

FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTER

SPECIAL/SUPPLIMENTARY EXAMINATION

FOR THE DIPLOMA IN EDUCATION

MATHEMATICS

COURSE CODE:

EDM 107

COURSE TITLE:

TRIGONOMETRY, GEOMETRY AND VECTORS II

DATE:

28/9/2021

TIME: 8 AM -10 AM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer Question One and Any other TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

QUESTION ONE (28 marks)

U	IE2	1014 0142 (20	
	a)	Find the locus of a point p whose distance from point $A(-1,2)$ is twice it's distance from origin	(3mks)
	b)	Use a ruler and a compass to construct triangle ~ 400	(3mks)
	c)	PQ = 8cm, $PR = 7.5cm$ that unity of the angle of elevation to the A boy is 1.5m tall and 8cm from a tree finds the angle of elevation to the A boy is 1.5m tall and 8cm from a tree finds the angle of elevation to the	(4mks)
	d)	In the triangle ABC, $AB = 12cm$, $BC = 10cm$	(4mks) (4mks)
	f)	Show that the points $A(1,3,5) B(4,12,20)$ and $C(4,12,20)$ are $C(4,12,20)$ and $C(4,12,20)$ are $C(4,12,20)$ and $C(4,12,20)$ and $C(4,12,20)$ are $C(4,12,20)$ and $C(4,12,20)$ and $C(4,12,20)$ are $C(4,12,20)$ and $C(4,12,20)$ and $C(4,12,20)$ are $C(4,12,2$	(4mks)
	g)	and 13cm and length 25cm The base radii of two similar cones are 6cm and 8cm. If the volume of the base radii of two similar cones are 6cm and 8cm. If the volume of the larger one	(3mks) (3mks)
	h	the smaller cone is $3246iii + 111111111111111111111111111111111$	

QUESTION TWO (16mks)

- a) Find the surface area of a pyramid with a rectangular base of 6cm by 4cm (10mks) and a height of 9cm from the apex to the center of the base.
- b) Calculate the volume of a cone whose height is 12cm and (3mks) length of slant height is 13cm
- c) An open cylindrical box was covered with tiles all over. If the radius of the box was 4cm and height 10cm, what is the area of the tiles (3mks) that were used to cover the box.

QUESTION THREE(16mks)

- a) Find the equation of the angle bisectors that form the line 3x 4y + 3 = 0(10mks) and the coordinate axes
- b) Find the equation of the locus of a point p which moves so that it is equidistant from two fixed points A and B whose coordinates (4mks) are (3,2) and (5,-1)(2mks)
- c) Divide PQ 15cm in the ratio 2; 3

QUESTION FOUR (16mks)

- a) Village A, B and C are such that B is on a bearing of 120° from A at a distance of 4km. c is 6km from B on a bearing of 240°. Using a scale of 1cm rep 1km find;
 - The distance of C from A i.
 - The true bearing and compass bearing of C from A ii.
 - (10mks) The compass bearing of A from C iii.

b) Define;

i. Scale of a map

ii. Compass bearing

iii. True bearing

(3mks)

c) The scale of a map is given as 1; 250,000. Find the actual distance in km represented by a length of 2cm on the map (3mks)

QUESTION FIVE (16mks)

a) Solve triangle XYZ in which X = 13.4cm, Z = 5cm and angle XYZ = 57.7°

(6mks)

b) Solve the equation $\sin x = 0.8071 \text{ for } x \text{ } 0 \le x \le 360$ (2mks)

c) Find the point of intersection of the vectors (4mks)

A = i + j + t(3i - j) and B = -i + s(j)

d) Find the scalar projection of (2,4,-2) onto (3,3,4) (4mks)