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(Knowledge for Development)

KIBABII UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS
2020/2021 ACADEMIC YEAR
FOURTH YEAR FIRST SEMESTER
MAIN EXAMINATION
FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE

COURSE CODE: MAT 405 (MAT 405)

COURSE TITLE: MEASURE THEORY

DATE: 20/7/2021

TIME: 9 AM - 11 AM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer Question One and Any other TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

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Question 1 (30 marks) – Compulsory

- a) Let A be any bounded subset of real numbers. Define the following:
- i) The outer measure of A (2 mks)
 - ii) The inner measure of A (2 mks)
- b) For every set A , show that the inner measure is always less than the outer measure. (5 mks)
- c) If the function f is a bounded and Lebesgue integrable function on the interval $[a, b]$ such that $f(x) = g(x)$ a.e on the interval $[a, b]$ then g is Lebesgue integrable and $\int_a^b f(x)dx = \int_a^b g(x)dx$ (10 mks)
- d) Show that every continuous function is measurable. (3 mks)
- e) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x \text{ is rational} \\ 0 & x \text{ is irrational} \end{cases}$
Show that this function is Lebesgue integrable but is not Riemann integrable. (7 mks)

Question 2 (20 marks)

- a) Every bounded measurable function in the interval $[a, b]$ is Lebesgue integrable on that interval. Prove. (10 mks)
- b) A necessary and sufficient condition for a bounded function f to be Lebesgue integrable over the interval $[a, b]$ is that for each given $\varepsilon > 0$, there exists a measurable partition P of the interval $[a, b]$ such that $U(P, f) - L(P, f) < \varepsilon$. Prove. (10 mks)

Question 3 (20 mks)

- a) Verify bounded convergence theorem for the sequence of functions

i) $f_n(x) = \frac{1}{(1+\frac{ax}{n})^n}$ $0 \leq x \leq 1$ (8 mks)

ii) $f_n(x) = \frac{1}{(a+\frac{x}{n})^n}$ $0 \leq x \leq 1$ (7 mks)

b) $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x^5} & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & x = 0 \end{cases}$

Show that the function f is Lebesgue integrable on the interval $[0,1]$ and find the integral. (5 mks)

Question 4 (20 marks)

- a) If the functions f_1 and f_2 are measurable on the closed interval $[a,b]$, so are $f_1 + f_2$, $f_1 - f_2$, $f_1 f_2$, $\frac{f_1}{f_2}$; $f_2 \neq 0$ (16 mks)
- b) Show that constant functions are measurable. (4 mks)

Question 5 (20 marks)

- a) Define the term Lebesgue integral. (3 mks)
- b) Let f be a bounded function on the interval $[a,b]$, then for any two measurable partitions of the interval $[a, b]$, we have $U(P_1, f) \geq L(P_2, f)$; $L \int_{-a}^b f dx < L \int_a^{-b} f dx$. Prove (6 mks)
- c) Show that every bounded Riemann integrable function over the interval $[a, b]$ is Lebesgue integrable and the two integrals are the same. (6 mks)
- d) If the function $f = g$ a. e and f is measurable then g is measurable. (5 mks)