



(Knowledge for Development)

## KIBABII UNIVERSITY

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS** 

**2020/2021 ACADEMIC YEAR** 

FOURTH YEAR FIRST SEMESTER

MAIN EXAMINATION

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION AND **BACHELOR OF SCIENCE** 

COURSE CODE:

**MAT 423** 

COURSE TITLE: ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION II

**DATE:** 22/07/2021

**TIME:** 9 AM - 11 AM

# **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Answer Question One and Any other TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

This Paper Consists of 4 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

# **QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)**

a) Determine the stability of the system 
$$x = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x$$
 (5 marks)

b) Show that there exist a unique solution to the differential equation

$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} - 2\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 0$$
, hence find the unique solution. (7 marks)

c) Linearize the system and find the critical points.

$$X' = \begin{bmatrix} x_1^2 - x_2^2 - 1 \\ 2x_2 \end{bmatrix} x \tag{6 marks}$$

d) solve the following system of differential equations

$$X' = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -6 & 2 \\ -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (8 marks)

e) State the condition for the following critical points to occur and in each case draw the phase portrait

i) Node.

(2 marks)

ii) Saddle point.

(2 marks)

#### **QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)**

a) Find the general solution of the system 
$$X' = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 3 & -2 \end{pmatrix} x$$
 (6 marks)

b) Determine the respective fundamental matrix x(t) given that  $x(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  (11 marks)

c) Hence find 
$$e^{\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 3 & -2 \end{pmatrix} t}$$
 (3 marks)

# **QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)**

a) Define a linear system of differential equation.

(1 mark)

b) Use matrix method to solve the non-homogenous system of equations

(19 marks)

$$\frac{dx_t}{dt} = x_2 + e^{t}$$

$$\frac{dx_2}{dt} = 3x_2 - 2x_1 + 1$$

## **QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)**

a) Use elimination method to solve the system

(12 marks)

$$\frac{dy}{dt} + 2y + 3x = 2e^{t}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} + 3y + 2x = 0$$

Use Picards method to approximate y and z corresponding to x = 0.1 for the b)

particular solution of

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = f(x, y, z) = x + z$$
$$\frac{dz}{dx} = g(x, y, z) = x - y^{2}$$

Satisfying y=2, z=1 when x=0.

$$\frac{dz}{dx} = g(x, y, z) = x - y^2$$

(8 marks)

## **QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)**

- c) Define a node of a linear autonomous system. (3 marks)
- d) Determine the nature of the critical point (0,0) of the system

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 2x + 4y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -2x + 6y$$

And find out whether or not the point is stable. (6 marks)

e) Determine whether or not the solution of the differential equation below is a asymptotically stable or unstable.

$$X' = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & -1 & 2 \\ -3 & -2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} x$$
 (5 marks)

f) Find the nature of the critical point (0,0) of the non-linear system

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = x + 4y - x^{2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 6x - y + xy$$
(6 marks)