



(Knowledge for Development)

KIBABII UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

2020/2021 ACADEMIC YEAR

FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTER

MAIN EXAMINATION

FOR MASTERS IN BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

**COURSE CODE: MBA807** 

COURSE TITLE: MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

DATE: 22<sup>ND</sup> FEBRUARY,2021 **TIME: 2.00PM – 5.00PM** 

# INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer Question One in Section A and Any other THREE (3) Questions in Section B

TIME: 3 Hours

KIBU observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

This Paper Consists of 6 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

### **QUESTION ONE**

(a) Distinguish between the following terms as used in management accounting

(i) Period costs and product costs

(3 Marks)

(ii) Cost object ad cost unit

(3 Marks)

(iii) Cost allocation ad cost apportionment

(3 Marks)

(b) Pambo Limited manufactures a single product which sells at Ksh. 2,660 per unit. The following are the costs per unit of the product:

Ksh.

Direct materials

740

Direct labour

680

Variable overheads

590

The fixed over heads per annum amounted to Ksh. 8,255,000. The firm, which currently operates at 75% capacity, produces and sells 15,000 units per annum.

#### Calculate the:

- (i) break-even point in units
- (ii) break-even point in sales
- (iii) profit at the current production level
- (iv) profit for the year at full capacity
- (v) margin of safety
- (vi) the production level if the firm targets net income(after tax at 30%) of

Ksh.2,957,500

(12 Marks)

(c)The diversity of the business environment coupled with globalization has put corporate managers in a dilemma state. Explain the relevance of the management accountant in the management process of a corporation. (9 Marks)

## **QUESTION TWO**

The production manager of XYZ Company is concerned about the apparent fluctuation in efficiency and wants to determine how labour costs (in Sh.) are related to volume. The following data presents results of the 12 most recent weeks.

Units Produced(X)	Labour Costs(Y)
34	340
44	346
24	287
36	262
30	220
49	416
39	337
21	180
41	376
47	295
34	215
24	275
	34 44 24 36 30 49 39 21 41 47

## Required:

- (a) Estimate the cost function using:
- (i) The high low method

(ii) Regression analysis

(b) Assume that the Company intends to produce 45 units; 34 units next period Estimate the labour cost to be incurred.

(a) Discuss the selection of the select

(c) ) Discuss the role of budgetary control in an organization (7 Marks

## **QUESTION THREE**

Laki Limited is considering whether to manufacture components  $Q_A$ ,  $Q_B$ ,  $Q_C$  and  $Q_D$  internally or buy it outside. The expected costs for each component in the coming year have been estimated as follows:

(3 marks)

	Component ,			
	QA	Q <sub>B</sub> ,	Qc	$Q_D$
Production (units)	2,400	3,050	2,800	2,500
Marginal cost per unit:	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.
Direct materials	3	5	8	6
Direct labour	7	6	9	5
Variable costs	6	8	4	7

Directly attributable fixed costs were estimated as follows:

Component: QA, -Kshs. 6,500

Q B, -Kshs. 8,000

Qc -Kshs. 7,500

Q<sub>D</sub> - Kshs. 6,000

Other committed fixed costs Kshs. 78,000

A subcontractor has offered to supply components  $Q_A$ ,  $Q_B$ ,  $Q_C$  and  $Q_D$  for Kshs.14, Kshs.23 Kshs.19 and Kshs.21 per unit respectively.

#### Required:

- (a) Advice the company whether to buy or make the components.
- (b) What other factors should the management consider in making the decisions in (a) above?

(20 Marks)

#### **QUESTION FOUR**

Homa Ltd. manufactures a single product called Bay-02. The following data relates to the product for the months of August and September, 2016

	August	September
Opening stock	-	3,500
Production (units)	19,000	13,000
Closing stock (units)	3,500	-

The financial data for an activity level of 16,000 units per month is as follows:

Ksh.

Selling price per unit

120

Manufacturing costs:

Direct material per unit

35

Direct labour per unit

15

Variable overheads per unit

10

Fixed costs per month

270,000

Selling and administration costs:

- Variable per unit sold

8

- Fixed per month

100,000

### Required:

(a) Prepare, in columnar format, profit statements for each of the two months,

August and September, 2016 using:

(i) Absorption costing

(8 M arks)

(ii) Marginal costing

(8 Marks)

(b) Reconcile and explain the difference in your results in (a) above.

(5 Marks)

### **QUESTION FIVE**

(a) Explain five differences between management accounting and financial

accounting.

(10marks)

(b) Poda Manufacturers produces three products R, S ad T. The following information relates to the products for the last financial year.