



(Knowledge for Development)

**KIBABII UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**

2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR

THIRD YEAR SECOND SEMESTER

MAIN EXAMINATION

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF COMMERCE

COURSE CODE: BCF 322

COURSE TITLE: PUBLIC FINANCE

DATE: 6TH OCTOBER, 2021

TIME: 9.00AM – 11.00AM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer Question One in Section A and Any other TWO (2) Questions in Section B

TIME: 2 Hours

KIBU observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

This Paper Consists of 3 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

SECTION A

QUESTION ONE

SECTION A

QUESTION ONE

- a) Analyze two classifications of tax systems of a country (4mks)
- b) Explain the importance of public finance to a developing economy like Kenya (8mks)
- c) Highlight six benefits of capital budgeting in public sector (6mks)
- d) State and explain six effects of public expenditure on economic development (12mks)

SECTION B

QUESTION TWO

- a) Define the following terms as used in public finance (10mks)
 - i) Public financial management (2mks)
 - ii) Social goods (2mks)
 - iii) Revenue anticipation notes (2mks)
 - iv) Capital Improvement plan (2mks)
 - v) Equalization fund (2mks)
- b) In the recent past, Kenya has witnessed growth in both the number and the scope of public expenditure. State and explain the causes of this trend. (10 marks)

QUESTION THREE

- a) Differentiate between productive debt and unproductive debt (6 mks)
- b) Discuss politics of public budgeting to a developing country like Kenya (10mks)
- c) Differentiate between budgeting in public and private sector (4mks)

QUESTION FOUR

- a) Assess the key principles of public finance (8mks)
- b) State and explain four key causes of a market failure (4mks)
- c) Enumerate eight reasons for preparing a national budget in Kenya (8mks)

QUESTION FIVE

- a) Discuss four key reasons for government intervention in an economy (8mks)
- b) Explain tax incidence in the case of inelastic supply and elastic demand (4mks)
- c) Discuss four steps of budgeting process in Kenya (8mks)