



(Knowledge for Development)

KIBABII UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS
2019/2020 ACADEMIC YEAR
THIRD YEAR SECOND SEMESTER
SPECIAL/ SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION
FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE
MATHEMATICS

COURSE CODE: MAT 326

COURSE TITLE: DYNAMICS II

DATE: 15/02/2021

TIME: 8 AM - 10 AM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer Question One and Any other TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

This Paper Consists of 3 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

QUESTION ONE (20 MARKS)

- a) Define the following terms as used in dynamics. (4 Marks)
- i) Scalar Quantity
 - ii) Dynamics
 - iii) Velocity
 - iv) Rigid body
- b) A model can move around a circular track of radius 0.8m at 4 rev/sec. What is its:
- (i) Period, T. (2 Marks)
 - (ii) Angular Velocity ω . (4 Marks)
- c) A body of mass m_0 moving at a speed of V, collides with and sticks to an identical body at rest. What is the mass and momentum of the final clump? (6 Marks)
- d) A particle starting 46m from the origin has moved to 86 m in 10 seconds. Find the average velocity of the particle. (4 Marks)
- e) State quantum fluid theory. (2 Marks)
- f) State Lagrange's Theorem. (2 Marks)
- g) If $\phi(x, y, z) = x + 3y - z^2$. Find the $\bar{\nabla} \phi$ at a point (1,-2,1) (4 Marks)
- h) (i) Use equation to express center of mass vector \bar{R}_{CM} of two bodies of masses M_1 and M_2 (1 Mark)
- (ii) The mass of the system having N particles labeled by index $i=1,2,3,\dots,N$. (1 Mark)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) A sailor measured the length of the distant tracker as an angle distance of $1^0,9^1$ (one degree nine minutes) with a divided Circle. He knows from the shipping chart that the tracker is 140 m in length. Approximately how far away is the tracker? (20 Marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) Show that $\nabla \cdot (\phi \vec{A}) = \phi(\nabla \cdot \vec{A}) + \vec{A} \cdot (\nabla \phi)$ (12 Marks)
- b) Consider yourself in a car (A) travelling a long a straight line, level highway with a speed of $V_A = 45 \text{ Km/s}$. Another car B travels at a speed of $V_B = 70 \text{ Km/s}$. Find the difference in velocities $V_{BA} = V_B - V_A$ when:
- The other car travels in the same direction in front of you. (4 Marks)
 - When the other car is approaching you travelling in the opposite direction. (4 Marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) From the equation of acceleration in terms of both initial and final velocities derive the three main linear vertical motion equations. (10 Marks)
- b) A block of mass m , hangs from a spring wrapped around a frictionless disk-shaped pulley of mass M and radius R . If the block descends from rest under the influence of gravity, what is the magnitude of the linear acceleration of the block, also apply a diagram? (10 Marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- i) Solve the problem of the simple pendulum of mass m and length L by first using the Cartesian coordinates to express the Lagrangian and then transform into a system of cylindrical coordinates. (10 Marks)
- j) A field vector \vec{A} is given by $\vec{A} = (x+2)\hat{i} + yz\hat{j} + 3z^2\hat{k}$. Find \vec{A} . (4 Marks)
- k) Find (i) $\vec{C} \times \vec{D}$ and (ii) $\vec{C} - \vec{D}$ provided that $\vec{C} = 7\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$ and $\vec{D} = 12\hat{i} + 7\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$ (6 Marks)