



*(Knowledge for Development)*

**KIBABII UNIVERSITY**  
**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**  
**2019/2020 ACADEMIC YEAR**  
**FIRST YEAR FIRST SEMESTER**  
**MAIN EXAMINATION**  
**FOR THE DEGREE OF MASTER OF SCIENCE IN**  
**PURE MATHEMATICS**

**COURSE CODE: MAT 824**

**COURSE TITLE: OPERATOR THEORY I**

**DATE: 17/02/2021**

**TIME: 8 AM -11 AM**

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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Answer Any THREE Questions

TIME: 3 Hours

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## MAT 824: OPERATOR THEORY I

Answer Any Three Questions

Time: 3 hours

### QUESTION ONE (20 MARKS)

- Show that if  $X$  is an inner product space then  $\|x\|^2 = \langle x, x \rangle^{1/2}$  defines a norm on  $X$ . (5 marks)
- Show that in an inner product space, inner product is continuous (5 marks)
- Show that every inner product space is uniformly convex (5 marks)
- Show that if  $T \in B(H)$  then there is a unique  $U \in B(H)$  such that  $\langle Tx, y \rangle = \langle x, Uy \rangle$  for all  $x, y \in H$  (5 marks)

### QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- Show that if  $T \in B(H)$  and  $\langle Tx, x \rangle = 0$  then  $T = 0$  for all  $x \in H$  (5 marks)
- Show that the Hilbert adjoint  $T^*$  is a bounded linear operator with  $\|T^*\| = \|T\|$  (5 marks)
- Show that if  $M$  is a closed subspace of  $H$  then  $p_M$  is a projection having range  $M$ . (5 marks)
- Show that if  $M$  is a closed subspace of Hilbert space  $H$  and  $x \in H$  then there is a unique element  $y \in M$  and  $z \in M^\perp$  such that  $x = y + z$  (5 marks)

### QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

For  $T, T_1, T_2 \in B(H)$  and  $\alpha \in \mathbb{C}$ , show that

- $(T_1 + T_2)^* = T_1^* + T_2^*$  (4marks)
- $(\alpha T)^* = \bar{\alpha} T^*$  (3marks)
- $(T_1 T_2)^* = T_2^* T_1^*$  (3marks)
- $\|T^* T\| = \|T\|^2$  (10 marks)

**QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)**

- a. Let  $T \in B(H,K)$ . Show that there exists at most one operator  $S \in B(K,H)$  such that  $ST = I$  and  $TS = I$  (3 Marks)
- b. Let  $S \in B(H,K)^\times$  and  $T \in B(K,L)^\times$ . Show that the operator  $TS \in B(H,L)^\times$ , with  $(TS)^{-1} = S^{-1}T^{-1}$  (4Marks)
- c. If  $T \in B(H)$  is such that  $\|T\| < 1$ , show that  $I - T$  is invertible and the series  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T^n = 1 + T + T^2 + \dots$  is absolutely convergent, its sum equals  $(I - T)^{-1}$  and  $\|(I - T)^{-1}\| \leq (1 - \|T\|)^{-1}$  (8 Marks)
- d. If  $T \in B(H)$  is self adjoint i.e.,  $T = T^*$ , show that  $\rho(T) = \|T\|$ . (5 marks)

**QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)**

- a. If  $T \in B(H)^\times$  is invertible, show that  $T^{-1} \in B(H)^\times$  (3Marks)
- b. Let  $T \in B(H)^\times$  be invertible. Show that the square root  $T^{\frac{1}{2}}$  is invertible and  $(T^{-1})^{\frac{1}{2}} = \left(T^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)^{-1}$ . (5 Marks)
- c. Let  $T \in B(H)^\times$ . Show that  $T$  is invertible if and only if  $T$  is uniformly positive (10 marks)
- d. If  $T \in B(H;K)$  is invertible show that  $|T| \in B(H)^\times$  (2marks)