



(Knowledge for Development)

**KIBABII UNIVERSITY**  
**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**  
**2020/2021 ACADEMIC YEAR**  
**FIRST YEAR FIRST SEMESTER**  
**MAIN EXAMINATION**  
**FOR THE DEGREE OF EDUCATION AND BACHELOR OF**  
**SCIENCE**

**COURSE CODE: MAA 111**

**COURSE TITLE: DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS/CALCULUS I**

**DATE: 13/5/2021**

**TIME: 2:00 P.M - 4:00P.M**

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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Answer Question One and Any other TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

This Paper Consists of 3 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

**QUESTION ONE COMPULSORY (30 MARKS)**

- (a) Define the following terms
- (i) A function (2 mks)
  - (ii) Range of a function (2 mks)
  - (iii) A stationary point (2 mks)
- (b) Find the domain and the range of the function  $f(x) = \sqrt{x-6}$  (2 mks)
- (c) Evaluate the following limits;
- (i)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x-3}{\frac{1}{x}-\frac{1}{3}}$  (4mks)
  - (ii)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^3+4x-3}{\sqrt{x^6-\frac{2}{x}}}$  (3 mks)
- (d) Given the function  $y = \ln(x^3 - 2x^2 + x)$ , determine  $y''$  (4 mks)
- (e) If  $g(x) = \frac{x}{x-5}$  and  $h(x) = 2x^2 - x - 3$  find
- (i)  $goh$  (2 mks)
  - (ii)  $hog$  (2 mks)
- (f) (i) State the Rolle's theorem (2 mks)
- (ii) Determine whether the function  $f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 4$  satisfy the condition of Rolle's theorem on the interval (0,3). If so find the number  $c$  that satisfy the conclusion of Rolle's theorem. (5mks)

**QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)**

- (a) Prove that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} (\frac{1}{3}x + 3) = 2$  (5mks)
- (b) Given  $y = 2\sec x^4$  find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  (4 mks)
- (c) Find  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  given that  $x(t) = \frac{1}{3}t^3 - \frac{1}{2}t^2 + 2t - 4$ ,  $y(t) = 2t^2 - 4$  (5mks)
- (d) Mwangi wishes to enclose his rectangular land with 1200M of barbed wire of which one of the longest side is a wall. Determine the dimension the dimensions that will maximize the area enclosed. (6 mks)

**QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)**

- (a) Determine whether each of the following functions is even, odd or neither
- (i)  $f(x) = x^3 + x$  (2 mks)
  - (ii)  $g(x) = 1 - x^6$  (2 mks)
  - (iii)  $h(x) = 2x - 5x^2$  (2 mks)
- (b) Given the equation  $y = \frac{1}{4}x^4 - \frac{2}{3}x^3 - 4.5x^2 + 18x + 6$
- (i) Find all the turning points (5 mks)
  - (ii) The nature of the turning points (5mks)
  - (iii) Sketch the graph (4 mks)

**QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)**

- (a) If  $y = e^{-x} \cos x$  prove that  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 0$  (10 mks)
- (b) Prove that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$  (10 mks)

**QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)**

- (a) Determine if the following function is continuous at  $x = 4$
- $$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 3 & x < 4 \\ 13 & x = 4 \\ \frac{3x+4}{2} + 5 & x > 4 \end{cases} \quad (5 \text{ mks})$$
- (b) Find the equation of the normal to the curve  $x^2y - 3xy + 7x = 11$   
At (1,1) (7 mks)
- (c) The position of a stone projected vertically upwards at any time  $t$  is given by  $S = 2t^2 - \frac{1}{3}t^3 + 10$
- (i) Find the maximum height of the stone from the ground (5 mks)
  - (ii) Acceleration of the stone at  $t = 4$  seconds (3 mks)