



(Knowledge for Development) KIBABII UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2016/2017 ACADEMIC YEAR

THIRD YEAR FIRST SEMESTER SUPPLEMANTARY/SPECIAL EXAMINATIONS

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR EDUCATION (SCIENCE), BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (BIOLOGY) AND (BIO-RESOURCE MANAGEMENT)

COURSE CODE:

SZL 313

COURSE TITLE:

ANIMAL GENETICS AND EVOLUTION

DATE: 14/9/2017

TIME: 3:00 - 5:00 P.M

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer question ONE [1] and ANY other TWO [2] questions

TIME: 2 Hours

This paper consists of 2 printed pages. Please Turn Over



KIBU observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

- 1. a) Explain why the prophase stage referred to as a "mobilization for action" phase. (4mks).
- b) If a cell is treated with a **metabolic poison** such as cyanide during interphase, mitosis fails to occur. Explain this phenomenon. (3mks).
- c) [i] Name the factors that **curtailed** early scientists from grasping the concepts of heredity. (4mks).
 - [ii] Differentiate genomics and bioinformatics. (3mks).
 - d) [i] List four nucleosides. (4mks)
 - [ii] State three characteristics of genetic material. (3mks)
 - e) Explain three roles of genetics to human economics. [6mks]
 - f) Explain how chromosomal constancy is derived during mitosis. [3mks]
- 2. a) If a heterozygous allele of genes is **selfed**, predict the probability of the homozygous genotype. (3mks)
- b) In a certain hospital, 25000 births were recorded. In 24 cases had an extra chromosome at the 21st chromosome pair. In 15 cases, the babies had an extra Y chromosome. Determine the probability that the child born in that hospital will have an extra Y chromosome. (5mks)
 - c) Describe the three mechanisms of evolution. (12mks)
- 3. a) In humans **red colour** blindness is an X linked recessive trait. A woman with normal vision whose father was colour blind married a man with normal vision whose father was also colour blind. The couple had a **colour blind** daughter. Is **infidelity** suspected? Explain. (7mks)
 - b) Discuss how mechanisms of isolation that led to evolution in animals. Discuss. (7mks)
 - c) State three statistical tools utilized in genetics. (3mks).
- d) Considering **5** independent loci, what is the probability of **3** loci having dominant phenotypes and the remaining possessing the recessive phenotypes if chances of dominant phenotype occurrence are **0.75**? (3mks).
- 4. [a] State Mendel's law of independent assortment of genes. (2mks).
 - b) Define: [i] Cloning [2mks] [ii] Proteomics [2mks] [iii] Genome [1mk]
 - c) Discuss three theories of the formation of the earth. (7mks)
- d) Explain the following **theories** of inheritance: i) Vapours and Fluid (3mks) ii) Preformation (3mks)
 - 5. a) Describe the **structure** of DNA. (7mks).
 - b) Discuss how Natural Selection led to evolution. [10mks]
 - c) Cite three underlying principles of mitosis process. [3mk]