



## **KIBABII UNIVERSITY**

# UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2017/2018 ACADEMIC YEAR

## FOURTH YEAR SECOND SEMESTER SPECIAL / SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN PHYSICS

**COURSE CODE:** 

**SPH 414** 

**COURSE TITLE:** 

**QUANTUM MECHANICS II** 

**DURATION: 2 HOURS** 

DATE: 03/10/2018

**TIME:** 8.00 - 10.00 AM

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

❖ Answer QUESTION ONE (Compulsory) and any other TWO (2) Questions.

❖ Question ONE carries 30 MARKS and the remaining carry 20 MARKS each.

Symbols used bear usual meaning.

#### Instructions

The following rules of commutator algebra may be used where necessary

$$[\hat{A}, \hat{B}] = \hat{A}\hat{B} - \hat{B}\hat{A} = -[\hat{B}, \hat{A}]$$

$$\left[\hat{A}, \hat{B} + \hat{C}\right] = \left[\hat{A}, \hat{B}\right] + \left[\hat{A}, \hat{C}\right]$$

$$\left[\hat{A} + \hat{B}, \hat{C}\right] = \left[\hat{A}, \hat{C}\right] + \left[\hat{B}, \hat{C}\right]$$

$$\left[\hat{A}, \hat{B}\,\hat{C}\right] = \left[\hat{A}, \hat{B}\right]\hat{C} + \hat{B}\left[\hat{A}, \hat{C}\right]$$

$$\left[\hat{A}\hat{B},\hat{C}\right] = \left[\hat{A},\hat{C}\right]\hat{B} + \hat{A}\left[\hat{B},\hat{C}\right]$$

$$\left[\hat{A}, \left[\hat{B}, \hat{C}\right]\right] + \left[\hat{B}, \left[\hat{C}, \hat{A}\right]\right] + \left[\hat{C}, \left[\hat{A}, \hat{B}\right]\right] = 0$$

#### **QUESTION 1 (30 MARKS)**

- (4 marks) a) Show that  $[x, p] = i\hbar$
- b) Show that orbital angular momentum is represented in the position representation of wave mechanics by the vector operator  $\vec{L} = -i\hbar \; (\vec{r} \times \nabla)$ (5 marks)
- By considering Lx, Ly, and Lz, show that angular momentum L is self-adjoint

(4 marks)

- (1 mark) d) Define the term perturbation?
- (2 marks) e) List two categories of perturbation theory?
- f) Reduce the following arbitrary product of spin ½ operators?

(4 marks)  $S_xS_yS_zS_yS_zS_x$ i)

(4 marks)  $S_xS_yS_xS_yS_zS_x$ ii)

g) Show that

(3 marks) i.  $s^2 \alpha = \frac{3}{4} \hbar^2 \alpha$ 

ii.  $s_z \alpha = \frac{1}{2} \hbar \alpha$ (3 marks)

## **QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)**

Show that

(10 marks) (a)  $[L_x, y] = i\hbar z$ 

(10 marks) (b)  $[L_x, p_y] = i\hbar p_z$ 

### **QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)**

(10 marks) a)  $[L_x, L_y] = i\hbar L_z$ b)  $[L^2, L_x] = 0$ (10 marks)

## **QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)**

Show that

(10 marks) a)  $J^2 = \frac{3}{4}\hbar^2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 

b)  $J_z = \frac{1}{2}\hbar \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ (10 marks)

#### **QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)**

The matrices representing  $S_x$ ,  $S_y$ , and  $S_z$ , which acts on the spin wave function;  $S = \frac{1}{2}$ , are

 $s = \frac{1}{2}\hbar\sigma$  with  $\sigma_x = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\sigma_y = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\sigma_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ . Show that  $[\sigma_x, \sigma_y] = (\sigma_x, \sigma_y)$  $2i\sigma_z$ ,  $[\sigma_z, \sigma_x] = 2i\sigma_y$  and  $[\sigma_y, \sigma_z] = 2i\sigma_x$ 

(20 marks)