



KIBABII UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2015/2016 ACADEMIC YEAR

SECOND YEAR SECOND SEMESTER MAIN EXAMINATIONS

FOR THE DEGREE OF B.ED (SCIENCE)

COURSE CODE:

SCH 230

COURSE TITLE:

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY I

DURATION: 2 HOURS

DATE: 12/05/2016

TIME: 11.30 - 1.30PM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer QUESTION ONE (Compulsory) and any other two (2) Questions.

Indicate answered questions on the front cover.

Start every question on a new page and make sure question's number is written on each page.

This paper consists of 6 printed pages. Please Turn Over



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Question 1

a) Give the systematic (IUPAC) names for each of the following compounds

(5 marks)

i) CH₃CH₂CHClCH₂CH₃

ii) CH₃CH₂OCH₂CH₃

iii) CH₃NHCH₂CH₂CH₃



b) Draw the structures of the following compounds.

(4 marks)

i) 3-methyl-3-heptene

ii) 6-bromo-4-ethyl-2-heptanol

iii) 4-methyl-2-hexyne

- iv) 1,3-dimethylcyclohexane
- c) Draw and label the E and Z isomers of the following compounds

(4 marks)

i) CH₃CH₂CClCHCH₂CH₃

ii)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \mathsf{HOCH_2C} = \mathsf{CCH_2CH_3} \\ \mathsf{HC} = & \mathsf{CHCH_2} \end{array}$$

d) Draw the structures of:

(2 marks)

i) Cis-1,2-dimethylcyclopentane

- ii) Cis-but-2-ene
- e) Draw the structure of the product X. Give a reason.

(3 marks)

f) Which of the following alkyl halides forms a substitution product in an SN1 reaction that is different from the substitution product formed in an SN2 reaction? (2 marks)

CH₃ CH₃

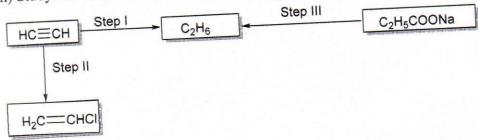
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g) For each of the following alkyl halides, indicate the major product formed when the alkyl halide undergoes an E1 reaction. Show the stereochemistry of the major products. (4 marks)



h) Study the scheme below and answer the questions that follow.



i) Name the reagents in:

(3 marks)

Step I

Step II

Step III

ii) Write an equation for the complete combustion of HC=CH

(1 mark)

iii) Give two uses of methane

(2 marks)

Question Two

a) Complete the reactions below:

i)
$$CH_3CH_3 \xrightarrow{Cl_2} A+B \xrightarrow{KOH} C$$
(3 marks)

ii)
$$+ H_2O \xrightarrow{H^+}$$

$$+ H_2O \xrightarrow{H^+}$$

$$(2 marks)$$

(6 marks) using curly arrows c) Explain the following: (2 marks) i) 1,3-pentadiene is more stable than 1,4-pentadiene ii) Ethers generally have a higher boiling points than alkanes of comparable molecular weight iii) Alkanes have lower boiling points than alcohols of comparable molecular weight (1 1/2 marks) iv) Amines have lower boiling points than alcohols of comparable molecular weight (2 marks) v) Primary amines are more soluble in water than secondary amines with same number of carbons (2 marks) **Question Three** a) Write the ground-state electron configuration for the following (indicate the orbitals that are (5 marks) being filled) i) Ca ii) Ar iii) Mg²⁺ iv) O v) C b) Give the hybridization of the central atom and the shape of the molecule in each of the (5 marks) following species i) BH₃ ii) CO₂ iii) CH₄

- iv) H₂O
- v) NH₃
- c) Using curved arrows, show how an equally stable resonance structure can be generated for each of these anions (5 marks)
- i) NO₃
- ii) CO₃H
- iii) BO3
- iv) $[CH_2NH_2]^+$
- d) i)Define isomerism

(1 mark)

b) Label and show the steps of the monohalogenation reaction leading to products A and B above the steps of the monohalogenation reaction leading to products A and B above the steps of the monohalogenation reaction leading to products A and B above the steps of the monohalogenation reaction leading to products A and B above the steps of the monohalogenation reaction leading to products A and B above the steps of the monohalogenation reaction leading to products A and B above the steps of the steps of the monohalogenation reaction leading to products A and B above the steps of the monohalogenation reaction leading to products A and B above the steps of the step						
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