



(Knowledge for Development)

KIBABII UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

2017/2018 ACADEMIC YEAR

FOURTH YEAR FIRST SEMESTER

SPECIAL/SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (MATHEMATICS)

COURSE CODE:

MAT 425

COURSE TITLE:

FLUID MECHANICS II

DATE:

05/10/18

TIME: 11.30 AM -1.30 PM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer Question One and Any other TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

This Paper Consists of 4 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- a. Find the equations of the streamlines due to uniform line source of strength m through the points A(-c, 0), B(c, 0) and a uniform line sink of strength 2m through the origin. (6 marks)
- b. The velocity potential function for a two dimensional flow is $\Phi = x(2y 1)$. At a point P(4, 5) determine;

i) The velocity (3 marks)

ii) The value of the stream function (4 marks)

- c. The resistance force R of a supersonic plane during flight can be considered as dependent upon the length of the aircraft l, velocity v, air viscosity μ, air density ρ and bulk modulus of air k. Find an expression for R.
- d. Show that for an incompressible steady flow with constant velocity components

$$u(y) = y\frac{U}{h} + \frac{h^2}{2\mu} \left(-\frac{dp}{dx} \right) \frac{y}{h} \left(1 - \frac{y}{h} \right)$$
$$v = w = 0$$

Satisfy the equation of motion, when the body force is neglected h, U, $\frac{dp}{dx}$ are constants and P = P(x). (6 marks)

e. Show that for a two dimensionally axially symmetric boundary layer flow.

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} (1 - \frac{u}{v})^{2} \frac{r}{a} dn = \delta_{1} - \delta_{2}, \int_{0}^{\infty} (1 - \frac{u}{v})^{3} \frac{r}{a} dn = \delta_{1} - 3\delta_{2} + \delta_{3}$$

Where n the normal distance from the surface of the body is, r is the axial distance and α is the reference radius which maybe a function of the axial distance. (5 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a. State the Buckingham's π -theorem. (2 marks)
- b. Differentiate between the following terms as used in dimensional analysis (6 marks)
 - i) Geometrical symmetry
 - ii) Kinematic similarity
 - iii) Dynamic similarity
- c. The pressure difference ΔP in a pipe of diameter D and length l due to turbulent flow depends on the velocity V, viscosity μ , density ρ , roughness K. Using Buckingham's π -theorem, obtain an expression for ΔP . (7 marks)

d. Using Rayleigh's technique, show that the resistance (R) to the motion of a sphere of diameter (D) moving with a uniform velocity (V) through a real fluid having density ρ and viscosity μ is given by $R = \rho D^2 V^2 f\left(\frac{\mu}{\rho V D}\right)$. (5 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a. Define the following terms
 - i. Sink
 - ii. Source

iii. Doublet (3 marks)

- b. Show that the velocity vector \mathbf{q} is everywhere tangent to the line in the xy plane along which $\psi(x,y) = constant$. (3 marks)
- c. Discuss the flow for which $W = z^2$. (5 marks)
- d. Determine the stream function $\psi(x, y, t)$ for the given velocity field given by u = Ut, V = x. (4 marks)
- e. Discuss the flow due to a uniform line doublet at 0 of strength μ per unit length and its axis being along OX. (5 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) State Milne Thomson's circle theorem. (2 marks)
- b) A source and a sink of equal strength are placed at the points $\left(\pm \frac{1}{2}a, 0\right)$ within a fixed circular boundary $y^2 + x^2 = a^2$. Show that the streamlines are given by $(r^2 \frac{1}{4}a^2)(r^2 4a^2) 4a^2y^2 = ky(r^2 a^2).$ (5 marks)
- In the region bounded by a fixed quadrantal arc and its radii, deduce the motion due to a source and an equal sink situated at the ends of one of the bounding radii. Show that the stream line leaving either end at an angle α with the radius is

$$r^{2}\sin(\alpha+\theta) = x^{2}\sin(\alpha-\theta). \tag{6 marks}$$

d) A vortex of circulation $2\pi k$ is at the point z = na (n > 1) in the presence of a plane circular boundary Z = a, around which there is a circulation $2\pi \lambda k$. Show that

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{(n^2 - 1)} \tag{6 marks}$$

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

a) State the theorem of Blasius.

(2 marks)

- b) Verify that $W = iK \log \left\{ \frac{z ia}{z + ia} \right\}$ is the complex potential of a steady flow of liquid about a cylinder the plane y = 0 being a rigid boundary. Find the forces exerted by the liquid on unit length of the cylinder. (7 marks)
- c) Find the image of a line source in a circular cylinder. (5 marks)
- d) Show that the velocity potential $\phi = \frac{a}{2} (x^2 + y^2 2z^2)$ satisfies the Laplace equation and determine its streamlines. (6 marks)