



*(Knowledge for Development)*

**KIBABII UNIVERSITY**  
**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**  
**2017/2018 ACADEMIC YEAR**  
**THIRD YEAR SECOND SEMESTER**  
**MAIN EXAMINATION**  
**FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE**  
**(MATHEMATICS)**

**COURSE CODE:** MAT 324

**COURSE TITLE:** NUMERICAL ANALYSIS II

**DATE:** 06/08/18

**TIME:** 2 PM -4 PM

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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Answer Question One and Any other TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

This Paper Consists of 3 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

**Question one (30 Marks)**

- (a) State Euler's theorem (2Mks)
- (b) Express  $f(x) = 3x^2 + 2x + 4$  in a series of Chebyshev's polynomial of the 1<sup>st</sup> kind. (4Mks)
- (c) Using the Gauss-Jordan method, find the inverse of  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 3 & -1 \\ 3 & 5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  (14Mks)
- (d) (i) Write down the one-point Gauss formula (1Mk)
- (ii) Using (i) above, evaluate the integral  $I = \int_1^2 \frac{2x}{1+x^4} dx$  (9Mks)

**Question two (20 Marks)**

- (a) Test the consistency of the following system of equations using the Gauss elimination method

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 + 10x_2 - x_3 &= 3 \\ 2x_1 + 3x_2 + 20x_3 &= 7 \\ 9x_1 + 22x_2 + 79x_3 &= 45 \end{aligned} \quad (10\text{Mks})$$

- (b) Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$  using Romberg method to 4 dp. Take  $h=0.5, 0.25, 0.125$  (10Mks)

**Question three (20 Marks)**

- (a) Evaluate the integral  $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x}$  using Gauss three-point formula (12Mks)
- (b) Compare (a) above with exact solution and find the absolute error. (5Mks)
- (c) State the properties of the cubic spline. (3Mks)

**Question four (20 Marks)**

- (a) Show that  $f(x,y) = x^2 + x^2 + xy$  satisfies Euler's theorem. (6Mks)
- (b) Obtain the cubic spline approximation for the following data.

$x$	0	1	2
$f(x)$	-1	3	29

With  $M_0 = 0, M_2 = 0$  hence interpolate at  $x=0.5, 1.5$  (14 Mks)

**Question five (20 Marks)**

Solve the system of equations

$$\begin{aligned}4x_1 + x_2 - x_3 &= 2 \\x_1 + 5x_2 + 2x_3 &= -5 \\x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 &= -4\end{aligned}$$

Using the Jacobi iteration method, use the initial approximations as  $x_i = 1, 2, 3$  perform five iterations. (20Mks)