



(Knowledge for Development)

KIBABII UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS
2017/2018 ACADEMIC YEAR
THIRD YEAR FIRST SEMESTER
SPECIAL/ SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION
FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE
MATHEMATICS

COURSE CODE: MAT 305

COURSE TITLE: GROUP THEORY I

DATE: 02/10/18

TIME: 3 PM -5 PM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer Question One and Any other TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

This Paper Consists of 4 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

Question 1 (30 marks)

- a). Define the following
- i) Subgroup (3marks)
 - ii) Isomorphic groups (2marks)
 - iii) the center of a group (3marks)
 - iv). Order of a group (2marks)
- b). Let S be a subgroup of the group G and let $a, b \in G$. Show that $Sa = Sb$ if and only if $ab^{-1} \in S$ (5marks)
- c). Show that every subgroup of a cyclic group is cyclic. (10marks)
- d). Show that the set of complex numbers $G = \{1, i, -1, -i\}$ under multiplication is a group (5marks)

Question 2 (20marks)

- a). Define the following
- i). Group (3marks)
 - ii). Subgroup generated by X (2marks)
 - iii). The Kernel and the Image (3marks)
 - iv). Symmetric group (2marks)
- b). If S is a subset of the group G , show that S is a subgroup of G if and only if S is nonempty and whenever $a, b \in S$, then $ab^{-1} \in S$ (5marks)
- c). Show that cosets are either identical or disjoint (5marks).

Question 3 (20marks)

- a). Show that every permutation can be written as the product of transposition (3marks)
- b). If S is a subset of the finite group G , show that S is a subgroup of G if and only if S is nonempty and whenever $a, b \in S$, then $ab \in S$ (10marks)
- c). Let $G = \langle a \rangle$ have order n . Show that for each K dividing n , G has a unique subgroup of order K namely $\langle a^{n/k} \rangle$. (7marks)

Question 4 (20 marks)

- a). Define the following
- i). Orbit (2marks)
 - ii). Stabilizer (2marks)
 - iii). Graph (2marks)
 - iv). Centralizer in a group (2marks)
- b). Let $s_4 = \text{sym}(1,2,3,4)$ show that s_4 acts on the set of ordered parts (6marks)
- c). Let x be an element of the finite group G . Show that the number of conjugates of x is the index of $C_{G(x)}$ in G . That is, $|K(x)| = [G : C_{G(x)}]$ (7marks)

Question 5 (20marks)

- a). Define the following
- i). Transposition (1mark)
 - ii). Even permutation (2marks)
 - iii). Normal subgroup (2marks)
 - iv). Quotient group (2marks)
- b). State the Division Algorithm Lemma (3marks)

c). Let $\pi = B_1 B_2 \dots B_n = \gamma_1 \gamma_2 \dots \gamma_m$ be two factorizations of the permutation π where the B_j and γ_j are transpositions. Show that either n and m are both even or they are both odd. (4marks)

d). Show that the subgroup N of G is a normal subgroup of G if and only if $g^{-1}Ng \subseteq N$ for all $g \in G$ (6marks)