



(Knowledge for Development)

KIBABII UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS
2017/2018 ACADEMIC YEAR
SECOND YEAR FIRST SEMESTER
MAIN EXAMINATION

**FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION AND
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE**

COURSE CODE: MAT 203

COURSE TITLE: VECTOR ANALYSIS

DATE: 18/01/18

TIME: 9 AM -11 AM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer Question One and Any other TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

This Paper Consists of 3 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

Question 1: Compulsory (30 marks)

- a. Show that the addition of any two vectors is commutative (2mks)
- b. When do we say two vectors are orthogonal? (2mks)
- c. Given $\vec{A} = 5t^2\mathbf{i} + t\mathbf{j} - t^3\mathbf{k}$ and $\vec{B} = \sin t\mathbf{i} + \cos t\mathbf{j}$ find $\frac{d}{dt}(\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B})$ (3mks)
- d. Define a conservative force field hence show that a force \vec{F} defined by

$$\vec{F} = (y^2z^3 - 6xz^2)\mathbf{i} + 2xyz^3\mathbf{j} + (3xy^2z^2 - 6x^2z)\mathbf{k}$$

is conservative (4mks)

- e. Find a unit vector perpendicular to both $\vec{A} = \mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ and $\vec{B} = 3\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k}$ (3mks)
- f. If $\vec{A} = (x^2y^3 - z^4)\mathbf{i} + 4x^5y^2z\mathbf{j} - y^4z^6\mathbf{k}$ find
- i). curl A (2mks)
- ii). div A (2mks)
- g. Find the work done in moving a particle in the force field

$$\vec{F} = 3x^2\mathbf{i} + (2xz - y)\mathbf{j} + z\mathbf{k}$$

along the straight from $(0, 0, 0)$ to $(2, 1, 3)$ (5mks)

- h. The position of a moving particle is given by
 $r(t) = 3 \cos t\mathbf{i} + 3 \sin t\mathbf{j} + 4t\mathbf{k}$.
Find the vectors T, N, B and the radius of torsion (7mks)

Question 2

- a. If $f = x \sin yz$, find the gradient of f and the directional derivative of f at $(1, 3, 0)$ in the direction of $v = \mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$ (5mks)
- b. Show that $f(x, y, z) = y^2z^3\mathbf{i} + 2xyz^3\mathbf{j} + 3xy^2z^2\mathbf{k}$ is irrotational hence express f as a gradient of a scalar function (8mks)
- c. An object starts from rest at the point $P = (1, 2, 0)$ and moves with an acceleration of $a(t) = \mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$ where $|a(t)|$ is measured in feet per second. Find the location of the object after $t = 2$ seconds (7mks)

Question 3

- a. Define the term 'line integral' of a continuous vector field (3mks)
- b. Find the work done by $\vec{F} = x^2yi - xyj$ over the curve $r(t) = t^3i + t^4j$; $0 \leq t \leq 1$ (7mks)
- c. Let $\vec{F} = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$; evaluate $\iiint_v Fdv$ where v is the region bounded by $x + y + z = a$ ($a > 0$), $x = 0, y = 0, z = 0$ (10mks)

Question 4

- a. Evaluate $\int_c A \cdot dr$ where $\vec{A} = 3xyi - y^2j$ along $y = 2x^2$ in the $x - y$ plane from $(0, 0)$ to $(1, 2)$ (4mks)
- b. State the divergence theorem hence evaluate $\iint_s F \cdot nds$ where the vector $F = 4xzi - y^2j + yzk$ and s is the surface of a cube bounded by $x = 0, x = 1, y = 0, y = 1, z = 0, z = 1$ (8 mks)
- c. Verify Greens theorem for $\oint_c (xy + y^2)dx + x^2dy$ where c is the region bounded by the curves $y = x$ and $y = x^2$ (8mks)

Question 5

- a. State and prove the Frenet Serret formulas (8mks)
- b. Verify the Stokes' theorem for the vector field $\vec{F} = 2zi + 3xj + 5yk$ taking s to be the portion of the paraboloid $z = 4 - x^2 - y^2$ for which $z \geq 0$ with upward orientation and the curve to be positively oriented circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ that forms the boundary of s in the xy plane (12mks)

END
ALL THE BEST