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*(Knowledge for Development)*

**KIBABII UNIVERSITY**  
**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**  
**2016/2017 ACADEMIC YEAR**  
**SECOND YEAR SECOND SEMESTER**  
**SPECIAL/ SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION**  
**FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE**  
**MATHEMATICS**

**COURSE CODE:** MAT 224

**COURSE TITLE:** ANALYTIC GEOMETRY

**DATE:** 21/09/17

**TIME:** 11.30 AM -1.30 PM

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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Answer Question One and Any other TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

This Paper Consists of 3 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

### QUESTION ONE

- (a) Write the equation of a curve  $\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$  in parametric form. (2 mks)
- (b) Find the arc length of the curve  $y = x^{\frac{3}{2}}$  from  $x = 0$  to  $x = 4$  (5mks)
- (c) Write the vector form of a line through the points  $P_1 = (-3, 1, -4)$  and  $P_2 = (4, 4, -6)$  in parametric form. (3mks)
- (d) Find the center and the radius of the circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 6y = -12$  (3mks)
- (e) Write the equation of a plane P containing the points  $(2, 1, 3)$ ,  $(1, -1, 2)$  and  $(3, 2, 1)$  (3mks)
- (f) Given, the point  $(-2, -2, 1)$ , in Cartesian coordinates, convert it to  
(i) Cylindrical coordinates  
(ii) Spherical coordinates
- (g) Sketch and identify the curve defined by the parametric equations;  
(i)  $x = 4 \cos t, y = 2 \sin t, 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$  (3mks)  
(ii)  $x = \cos t, y = \sin t, 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$  (3mks)

### QUESTION TWO

- (a) Given the equation of a circle  $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$ .  
(i) Write this equation in parametric form (3mks)  
(ii) Show that the length of the curve from  $t = 0$  to  $t = 2\pi$  is  $2\pi r$  (4mks)
- (b) Sketch and identify the curve defined by the parametric equations  $x = t \cos t, y = t \sin t$  for  $0 \leq t \leq 3\pi$ . (4mks)
- (c) Find the equation of a plane P containing the point  $(-3, 1, 3)$  and perpendicular to the vector,  $\mathbf{n} = \langle 2, 4, 8 \rangle$  (4mks)
- (d) Find the vector equation of a line through the points  $P_1 = (-3, 2, -4)$  and  $P_2 = (4, 4, -6)$  in symmetric form. (4mks)

### QUESTION THREE

- (a) Below is an equation of a parabola. Identify the foci and the directrix and hence sketch its graph.  
 $3x^2 = 8y$  (6mks)
- (b) Discuss and sketch the graph of the ellipse  $3x^2 + 9y^2 = 27$  (7mks)
- (c) Convert the equation of the parabola  $y^2 + 2y + 8x + 17 = 0$  to standard form and sketch its graph, (5mks)
- (d) In terms of eccentricity, differentiate between a parabola and an ellipse. (2mks)

### QUESTION FOUR

- (a) Given that a line L passes through the point  $P = (2, 3, 5)$  and is parallel to the vector  $\mathbf{n} = \langle 4, -1, 6 \rangle$ ;  
(i) Write the equation of the line L in vector, parametric and symmetric forms. (4mks)  
(ii) Determine whether the point  $(6, 2, 1)$  lies on the line L. (2mks)
- (b) A plane P passes through the point  $(-3, 1, 3)$  and is perpendicular to the vector  $\mathbf{n} = \langle 2, 3, 8 \rangle$ . Calculate;  
(i) The equation of the plane in normal form. (3mks)  
(ii) The distance of the point  $(1, 2, 2)$  from the plane. (3mks)

- (c) Find the angle between the lines whose direction ratios are (1,2,2) and (2,3,1) (4mks)  
(d) Calculate the length of the curve  $y = 2x^2$  in the interval,  $2 < x < 4$  (4mks)

**QUESTION FIVE**

- (a) Give equations showing the relationship between the Cartesian coordinates and spherical coordinates, and also Cartesian coordinates and cylindrical coordinates. (4mks)  
(b) Given a point P= (1,2,1) in Cartesian coordinates, convert it to;  
(i) Cylindrical coordinates (3mks)  
(ii) Spherical coordinates. (5mks)

Write the equation  $y^2 + x^2 = z$  in both spherical and cylindrical coordinates.(simplify your answers where possible)