



(Knowledge for Development)

KIBABII UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS
2017/2018 ACADEMIC YEAR
SECOND YEAR SECOND SEMESTER
MAIN EXAMINATION
FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE

COURSE CODE: MAT 222

COURSE TITLE: CALCULUS III

DATE: 10/08/18

TIME: 9 AM -11 AM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer Question One and Any other TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

This Paper Consists of 3 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- a) Use the 1st principles to determine $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ given that $f(x, y) = 3xy^2 - 4x^2y + 0.75y^3$
(4 mks)
- b) A sphere has a volume of 106.34 cm^3
- (i) Find the radius of the sphere that will yield minimum surface area
(4 mks)
- (ii) Find the minimum surface area
(2 mk)
- c) Given that y is a differentiable function near each (x, z) for $4zy^2 - e^{-3x} \sin 3y + z^2 = 10$ find $\frac{\partial y}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial y}{\partial z}$
(5 mks)
- d) Find the radius and interval of convergence of the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-2)^n (x-6)^n}{n3^{n+1}}$
(5 mks)
- e) A particle moves in a circular motion such that its position is given by $x = 2\sin t$ and $y = \cos 3t$ for any time t . A force of magnitude $f(x, y) = 0.4x^2 + 4y^2 + xy$ is exerted on the particle at a point (x, y) . Find an expression for the rate of change of magnitude of the force exerted by the particle with respect to time when $t = 3$
(5 mks)
- f) Verify that the Taylor series expansion for the function $f(x) = \cos x$ about $x = 0$ is $\sin x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (x)^{2n}}{(2n)!}$ hence find the Maclaurin series for $f(x) = x \cos x$
(5 mks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) Evaluate $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (2,2)} \frac{x^2 - xy}{\sqrt{y} - \sqrt{x}}$
(4 mks)
- b) Let $f(x, y, z) = y \cos(xz) - e^{-2x^2y} + 4 \ln(xyz)$. Find
- (i) f_{yy}
(2 mks)
- (ii) f_{xyz}
(3 mks)
- c) Find the maximum value of production function $f(x, y) = 6xy$ subject to budget constraint $4x + y = 10$
(5 mks)
- d) Locate any relative extreme points and determine their nature for the function $f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = 10x_1^2 + 15x_2^2 + 5x_3^2 - 60x_1 + 90x_2 - 40x_3 + 100$
(6 mks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) Find and classify all critical points of $f(x, y) = x^2 - 12y^2 - 4y^3 + 3y^4$ (7 mks)
- b) Use the Lagrange multipliers to find the local extrema of the function $f(x, y) = 4y^2 + x^3$ Subject to $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ (6 mks)
- c) The area of a triangle is given by $A = \frac{1}{2}ac\sin B$ when $a = 15\text{cm}$, $c = 8\text{cm}$ and $C = 30^\circ$. Find
- The rate of change of A with respect to a when c and B are constant (2 mks)
 - The rate of change of A with respect to B when a and c are constant (2 mks)
 - The rate of change of c with respect to a when A and B are constant (3 mks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) Let $z = e^{3x} \tan y$ and $x = 2st^2 - 4$ and $y = 3t - 2s$ find
- $\frac{\partial z}{\partial t}$ (4 mks)
 - $\frac{\partial z}{\partial s}$ (3 mks)
- b) If $R = \{x, y / 0 \leq x \leq 3 \text{ and } 0 \leq y \leq 5\}$ evaluate $\iint_R (4xy^2 + 3x^2y^3) dA$ (3 mks)
- c) Find the volume of the solid bounded by the graphs of $z = 9 - y^2$, $x + z = 2$, $x = 0$, and $z = 0$ (5 mks)
- d) Consider the series $1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}} + \dots$ using the integral test, determine whether the series converges or diverges (5 mks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) Consider the series $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$ use ratio theorem to show that the series diverges (5 mks)
- b) Find the area of the portion of the cylinder $x^2 + z^2 = 25$ lying inside the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 25$ (5 mks)
- c) For what values does the series converge $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(x-2)^n}{n}$ (5 mks)
- d) Find the volume in the 1st octant between the planes $z = 0$, and $z = x + y - 3$ And inside the $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ (5 mks)