



(Knowledge for Development)

KIBABII UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2017/2018 ACADEMIC YEAR FOURTH YEAR 1st SEMESTER SPECIAL/SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS & RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

COURSE CODE: IAE 485

COURSE TITLE: ECONOMETRIC

DATE: 5/10/2018.

TIME: 2 hours 8 - 10 Am.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer Question 1 and any other two (2) Questions.

QUESTION ONE:

a) State the Gauss Markov theorem

(2mks)

- b) Explain any four assumptions underlying the simple classical linear regression model (4mks)
- c) Examine the causes of autocorrelation in regression estimation

(4mks)

- d) Clearly explain the steps used to test for autocorrelation using Breusch-Pagan-Godfrey (5mks)
- e) The following data relates to income levels and expenses of food in thousands of shillings.

Income	35	49	21	39	15	28	25
Food	9	15	7	11	5	8	9
expenditure							

Calculate the pearson correlation for the relationship between income and food expenditure (10mks) and interpret your results

f) Distinguish between the following where necessary:

Standard error vs standard deviation i.

(2mks)

ii. Goodness of fit vs test significance (2mks)

iii. Define econometrics (1mk)

QUESTION TWO

- a) Clear explain the steps that constitute an econometric research methodology (10mks)
- b) Explain the properties of a good instrumental variable

(5mks)

c) Discuss two methods used to correct the problem of multicollinearity in a regression model (5mks)

QUESTION THREE

A regression model is given as: $Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_3 X_3 + \varepsilon_I$ was estimated and the following results were obtained:

$$Y = 0.57 + 2.2X_1 + 3.22 X_2 - 1.05X_3$$

SE:

(0.24) (1.11) (1.5)

(0.45)

N=25 and adjusted R squared = 0.82

- Interpret each of the coefficients in the model and the adjusted R i)
- Using a significance level of 5%, which of the variables X₁ X₂ X₃ are statistically ii) (12mks) significant?

QUESTION FOUR

Consider the following ANOVA table for the regression equation $Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + u$, for a sample of 30 observations.

Source	Sum of squares	Degrees of freedom	Mean sum of squares	F-ratio		
Regression	20029.3	b	e	g		
Residual	12691.5396	С	f			
Total	a	d				

i)	Find	the	values	of	a	to g	

(7mks)

- ii) Stating the null hypothesis, test whether there is statistically significant relationship between the independent variables and dependent variables at 5% level of significance (4mks)
- iii) Calculate the standard deviation of the regression model

(3mks)

iv) Calculate the adjusted r-squared and interpret the coefficient

(6mks)