



(Knowledge for Development)

KIBABII UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2015/2016 ACADEMIC YEAR FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTER MAIN EXAMINATION FOR DIPLOMA IN EDUCATION

MATHEMATICS

COURSE CODE:

EDM 101

COURSE TITLE: NUMBER SYSTEMS

DATE:

6/5/16

TIME: 9AM-11AM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer Question One and Any other TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

- iv) Show that the points A(1,2,3), B(3,8,1), C(7,20,-3) are collinear (3marks)
- v) In a triangle XYZ ,XY=7cm,YZ=9cm and XZ=6.5CM.Calculate to 2 decimal places (3 marks)
 - a) the size of the largest angle (2 marks)
 - b)the area of the triangle (2 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) The sum of a number of consecutive terms of an arithmetic progression is -19 ½, the first term is 16 ½ and the common difference is -3. Find the number of terms (4mkrs)
- b) Find the coefficient of x^{10} in the expansion of $(2x-3)^{14}$ (5mrks)
- c) In triangle PQR, r=5.75 and the size of angles P and Q are 42⁰ and 65⁰ respectively. Calculate the length of PR. (3mrks)
- d) In triangle ABC, BR=3.5, CB=4 and AC=5. Calculate the size of angle A and hence find the area of the triangle (5mrks)
- e) Given that A(1,2,1), B(4,7,8), c(6,4,12) and D(3,-1,5) are the vertices of a parallelogram, determine the area of the parallelogram (3mrks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) The roots of the equation $3x^2+4x-5=0$ are x and B. Find the values of
 - i) $^{1}/\alpha + ^{1}/\beta$ (3mrks)
 - ii) $\alpha^2 + \beta^2$ (3mrks)
- b) Factorize the expression $2x^3+3x^2-32x+15$ (5mrks)
- c) When the expression $x^5 + 4x^2 + ax + b$ is divided by x^2 -1, the remainder is 2x+3. find the values of a and b (5mrks)
- d) Rationalize the denominator of $\frac{-4-3\sqrt{2}}{3-2\sqrt{2}}$ (4marks))

QUESTION FIVE(20 MARKS)

a) If $x=\sin Q$, Simplify $\sqrt{1-x^2}$

(2mrks)

- b) Use the graph of the function $y=x^2+3x+1$ to solve the quadratic equation $x^2+2x-2=0$ for the range $-5 \le x \le 3$ (6mrks)
- c) Solve the following equations
 - i) $\sin^2 Q = \frac{1}{4}$ for $0^0 \le Q \le 360^0$

(4mrks)

ii) $2\cos^2 Q - \cos^2 Q = 0 \text{ for } 0^0 \le Q \le 360^0$

(4mrks)

d) Draw the graph of $y=\cos x$ for x=0 to 360

(4marks)

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- a) Evaluate
 - i) |x+y| ii) |x-y| iii) |x|+|y| iv) |x|-|y| where x=0.5, y=0.75 (3mrks)
- b) Simplify
 - i) i⁴ ii) (3+i) +(1+2i) iii) (2-3i)-(1+2i) iv) (2-i) (3+2i) (4mrks)
- c) i) Express as a single logarithm

$$2\log a + 3\log b - \log c \tag{3mrks}$$

ii)Simplify
$$\frac{\log 125}{\log 25}$$
 (3mrks)

- iii) Evaluate $\frac{2+3i}{5-2i}$ (3marks)
 - d) i) Solve the equation z^3-1
 - ii) Solve the equation 3-2x $x \le \frac{2x+5}{3}$ and show the solution on a number line (3Mrks)
 - iii) Find the sum of the even numbers upto and including 100

iv) Show that
$$nc_r = nc_{n-r}$$
 (3Mrks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) i) In a geometrical progression, the sum of the second and third terms is 6, and the sum of the third and fourth terms is -12. find the first term and the common ratio (5mrks)
 - i) Simplify $\frac{15!}{11!4!} + \frac{15!}{12!3!}$ (3mrks)
 - ii) A mixed hockey team containing 5 men and 6 women is to be chosen from 7 men and 9 women. In how many ways can this be done? (3mrks)
 - iii) If A and B are the points (1,1,1) and 13,4,5) respectively, find, in terms of i,j,k the displacement vector **AB** (2mrks)